

Xalacom®



Xalacom® - an antiglaucoma combined drug with a miotic effect. Each ml of **Xalacom®** contains Latanoprost 50mcg and Timolol Maleate LP equivalent to timolol 5mg. These substances contribute to the effective reduction of increased intraocular pressure, due to two different mechanisms of action, which contributes to a better clinical effect in comparison with monotherapy.

Active ingredient: [Latanoprost + Timolol](#)

Brand(s):Xalacom
Manufacturer: Pfizer
Disease(s):Glaucoma

Xalacom® 2.5ml

	Per pill	Per Pack	Order
1 dropper	\$ 74.95	\$ 74.95	Add to cart
2 dropper	\$ 64.97	\$ 129.95 \$149.90	Add to cart
3 dropper	\$ 59.98	\$ 179.95 \$224.85	Add to cart
Free AirMail shipping			
4 dropper	\$ 57.49	\$ 229.95 \$299.80	Add to cart
Free AirMail shipping			
5 dropper	\$ 54.99	\$ 274.95 \$374.75	Add to cart
Free AirMail shipping			

Timolol and Latanoprost eye drops

What is this medicine?

LATANOPROST belongs to a group of medicines known as prostaglandin analogues. Timolol belongs to a group of medicines known as beta-blockers. Latanoprost works by increasing the natural outflow of fluid from the eye into the bloodstream. TIMOLOL works by slowing the formation of fluid in the eye.

Timolol and Latanoprost is used to reduce the pressure in your eye if you have conditions known as open angle glaucoma or ocular hypertension. Both these conditions are linked to an increase in the pressure within your eye, eventually affecting your eyesight. Your doctor will usually prescribe you Timolol and Latanoprost when other medicines have not worked adequately.

What should I tell my health care provider before I take this medicine?

Timolol and Latanoprost can be used in adult men and women (including the elderly), but is not recommended for use if you are less than 18 years of age.

Do not use Timolol and Latanoprost eye drops solution:

- if you are allergic (hypersensitive) to either latanoprost or timolol, beta-blockers, or any of the other ingredients of Timolol and Latanoprost (listed in section 6)
- if you have now or have had in past respiratory problems such as asthma, severe chronic obstructive bronchitis (severe lung disease which may cause wheeziness, difficulty in breathing and/or long-standing cough)

