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URL of this page: Video Anatomy (National Medicine Library) Even in Spanish information on this site should not be used as a substitute for professional medical care or advice. Contact a health care provider if you have questions about your health. inside a designated area (a Minefield) and you intend to break down soldiers or vehicles. The slances launch hand grenades on a short distance to cancel an enemy staff area. Grenate propulsed-redesigns, or only the RPGS, are launched on a larger range and can free a target area of enemy personnel or destroy enemy vehicles. The bombs have fallen from the planes, are autonomous and controlled to devastate anything inside a specific area. Such bombs are marketed. The armies buy these weapons from the defense contractors for military and training operations, although other individuals can obtain them through the thriving black market for weapons. Contrast, IED are homemade with five base parts: a power supply, often provided by car batteries or alkaline flashlight bacterian trigger, switch or other direct or indirect means to set the device off, for example a radio signal, the cable Shooting, the timer or the power button that someone presses. A common form of remote trigger is a mobile phone, cordless phone, opening of the radio door or garage activated by someone who is watching [source: globalsecurity.org] .a detonator, a small explosive charge that establishes the main charge, the primary explosive that are the large guns behind the explosion. Terrestrial mines not presented adapt to the account. A container to keep everything together. The container can be designed to force the explosion in a specific direction. The add-ons are packed in the device can include bullets for shrapnel, such as ball bearings, nails and stones, as well as dangerous, toxic or fire-fighting chemicals. IEDS can also be used as an explosive part of a bomb of a dirty organic or radioactive bomb. The appearance of how these parts work together: the power source provides electricity to the trigger or to the switch and the detonator. The trigger or to the switch and starts the sequence explosion. The trigger or to the switch and starts the sequence explosion. operated. The detonator explodes, thus providing energy for the main explosive. The main charge explodes, producing a high pressure bump wave or a wave wave and can push Shrapnel, toxic chemicals or anti-noise chemicals. The distressing part: IED is relatively simple to do with a small search, time and training. After all, how difficult it is to get batteries, mobile phones and radios? Detonators and explosives such as C-4, SIMTEX and DYNAMITE can be found in construction sites and oil platforms. They can also be stolen, bought legally or cooked at home or in a luck laboratory. The terrorist groups are known to publish recipes on their websites. Now made, people tend to use one of the three methods to deliver their weapon. They often hide the device in a package that could be in plain sight, hidden or buried. The insurgents have even hidden IED in the trunk of a vehicle (IED based on vehicles or VBIET). A driver can park the vehicle next to a convoy. A remote watch can then detonate the VBIOD from a safety distance. The last method of delivery is based on a suicide bomber. The suicide bomber can drive a VBIET in the target area and explode it. What happens when an IED explodes? Reviewed by University of Illinois - Written by yvette brazied à ¢ â, ¬ "updated November 29, 2020 gross anatomicroscopic anatomy histopatology It is the identification and description of the structures of living things. It is a branch of biology and medicine. The study of anatomy dates back to over 2,000 years, to the ancient Greeks. There are three wide areas: human anatomy anatomy anatomy A ¢ â, ¬ Å ¢ a, ¬ Å ¢ â, ¬ Å ¢ a, ¬ Å \tilde{A} ¢ \hat{a} , ¬ " and \tilde{A} ¢ \hat{A} , ¬ "Å" Tome, \tilde{A} ¢ \hat{a} , ¬ "meaning \tilde{A} ¢ \hat{a} , ¬ "meaning \tilde{A} ¢ \hat{a} , ¬ "meaning \tilde{A} ¢ \hat{a} , ¬ "a cut. Traditionally, the anatomy studies involved the cut or dissection, organisms. Now, however, imaging technology can show us A lot about how the interior of a body works, reducing dissection needs. Request, know the two main approaches: Microscopic and gross or macroscopic anatomy, Anatomy. Share on Pinterestimage credit: Brauns / iStock .in medicine, gross, macro or TOPOGRAPHICAL ANATOMY refers to the study of organic structures that the eye can see. In other words, a person does not need a microscope to see these features. The study of gross anatomy can lead dissection or non-invasive methods. The Objective is to collect data on the larger structures of organs and systems. In dissection, a scientist cuts Opens an organism - a plant or body of a human or another animal - and examines what they discover in. Endoscopy is a tool to diagnose the disease, but it can also play a role in research. It involves a scientist or a doctor who inserts a long and thin tube with a camera at the end in different parts of the body. Passing it through the mouth or the rectum, for example, can examine the inside of the gastrointestinal tract. They are also less invasive investigation methods. For example, to study the blood vessels of live or humans animals, a scientist or a doctor can inject an opaque dye, then use imaging technology, such as angiography, to see the ships containing the dye. This reveals how the circulatory system works and if there are blockges. Mri scans, CT scans, pets scans, x-rays, ultrasounds and other types of imaging can also show what is happening within a living body. Doctors and dental students also carry out dissection as part of their practical work during their studies. Human body body systems of gross anatomy learn about the main body systems. There are 11 organ systems work together and depend on each other to work. Microscopic anatomy, also known as histology, is the study of cells and tissues of animals, humans and plants. These subjects are too small to see without a microscope. Through microscope reveal how they influence healthy tissue. A researcher can apply histological techniques such as sectioning and coloring to tissues and cells. They can then examine them under an electronic or light microscope. The section involves cutting the fabric in very thin slices for an attentive examination. identify specific tissues under investigation. The institution is vital for the understanding and progress of medicine, veterinary medicine, biology for: teaching Labs, histological slides can help students Know the microstructures of organic tissues. DiagnosisDoctors taking samples of fabric, or biopsies, from people who can have cancer or other diseases and send samples to a laboratory, where an idologist can analyze them. Forensic investigation a person dies unexpectedly, the microscopic study of specific biologist can analyze them. animals people to understand the causes of death. Archaeological samples of archaeological sites can provide useful data on what was happening thousands of years ago. People who work in histology laboratories are called histotechnologists, also known as Pathologists, study and analyze samples. The technician will use special skills to process organic fabric samples. The fabrics can derive from: patients looking for a suspect of diagnosis in a crime, if a forensic laboratory is the body of a person who died the process provides: the cutting of the samples and the application of solutions to preserve the production of Water, replacing it with paraffin wax and placing it the sample in a wax block to make the slice of the fabric easier and the mounting of the slices on the ski spots to create specific parts VisibleNext, a histopatologist examines the cells and tissues and interprets this they see. Others can use the histopathologist results to decide the best treatment course or help determine how a death, a disease or crime has occurred. To become a histotechnologist in the United States, a person needs certification from the American society for clinical pathology. They can start taking a degree that includes mathematics, biology and chemistry, therefore the experience on site. Or, a person can attend an accredited histology program. Higher qualifications are also available. To become a pathologist, a person usually needs a degree from a medical school, which takes 4 years to complete, in addition to 3 years "7 years of internship programs and residence. The people who work in the sanitary have had a workout Gross anatomy and histology. Paramedics, nurses, physical therapists, professional therapists, doctors, prosthesis and biological scientists need a knowledge of anatomy. Last revised doctor of 6 March 2017 2017

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