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fit my product?? Does this fit my product? Classification: Part Weight: 8.29 lbs. Shipping: Ships Worldwide With over 110 years of experience, Briggs & Stratton is trusted by millions of people around the globe and backed by the largest service network in the industry. We are the world's largest small engine producer, the number one marketer for
pressure washers, and a leading manufacturer of power generation, lawn and garden turf care and job site products. Learn More About Briggs & Stratton > Roman Kwasniewski's 1924 photograph of a gear twice as tall as a man reflects industrial Milwaukee's special skill in metal fabrication. Milwaukee county residents enjoy summer sunshine and
sand on Lake Michigan's shoreline in 1985. Image of David Lenz's Wishes in the Wind courtesy of David Lenz and the Suzanne and Richard Pieper Family Foundation. This photograph from around 1920 shows the Basilica from the lagoon in Kosciuszko Park. Automobiles and boats traverse Milwaukee's downtown by the Michigan Avenue Bridge in this
1974 photograph by Harold Mayer. The German sense of conviviality and comfort animated social gatherings among Milwaukeeans of various ethnic backgrounds, even at this "Hard Time party" taken by Roman Kwasniewski in 1924. Roman Kwasniews
metal fabrication. Welcome to the Encyclopedia of Milwaukee, a Digital Humanities Project sponsored by the History Department in the College of Letters and Science at the University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee. The EMKE offers approximately 700 entries on Milwaukee history topics ranging from arts and culture to philanthropy and nonprofit
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George "Bob" Uecker was best known as a Milwaukee Brewers' radio broadcaster, but he also gained fame as a national baseball commentator, actor, author, and commercial spokesman. Born in Milwaukee for over a century, the Briggs and Stratton
Corporation began in 1908 as a partnership between investor Harold M. Stratton.[1] The company initially focused on manufacturing automobile's popularity soared in the early decades of
the twentieth century. In 1919 Briggs & Stratton acquired the A.O. Smith Motor Wheel, a small engine that would drive research and development toward the four-cycle gasoline engines were later installed in washing machines, garden tractors, cultivators, and gas-powered generators.[3] As the demand for gas engines grew, Briggs
& Stratton developed new models for different purposes. The company's engines were manufactured for personal use, agriculture, and military logistics. During the Second World War, the United States military used Briggs & Stratton engines to power generators on the front lines, and integrated the company's ignition systems into planes for the Air
Force.[4] The company thrived under the leadership of Charles Coughlin, who served as its president from 1935 until 1972.[5] During Coughlin's tenure, Briggs & Stratton revolutionized the lawn and garden industry by producing the first lightweight aluminum engine.[6] As suburbanization grew after World War II, demand for home and garden
equipment exploded. The aluminum engine accounted for nearly 80% of all Briggs & Stratton product orders in 1957.[7] The company had become one of the country's leading producers of small engines by the 1970s. In 1981, its success landed the company on a Fortune 500 list that ranked Briggs & Stratton product orders in 1957.[7] The company had become one of the country's leading producers of small engines by the 1970s. In 1981, its success landed the company on a Fortune 500 list that ranked Briggs & Stratton product orders in 1957.[7] The company on a Fortune 500 list that ranked Briggs & Stratton product orders in 1957.[7] The company had become one of the country's leading producers of small engines by the 1970s. In 1981, its success landed the company on a Fortune 500 list that ranked Briggs & Stratton product orders in 1957.[7] The company had become one of the country's leading producers of small engines by the 1970s. In 1981, its success landed the company or a Fortune 500 list that ranked Briggs & Stratton product orders in 1957.[7] The company or a Fortune 500 list that ranked Briggs & Stratton product orders in 1957.[7] The company or a Fortune 500 list that ranked Briggs & Stratton product orders in 1957.[7] The company or a Fortune 500 list that ranked Briggs & Stratton product orders in 1957.[7] The company or a Fortune 500 list that ranked Briggs & Stratton product orders in 1957.[7] The company or a Fortune 500 list that ranked Briggs & Stratton product orders in 1957.[7] The company or a Fortune 500 list that ranked Briggs & Stratton product orders in 1957.[7] The company or a Fortune 500 list that ranked Briggs & Stratton product orders in 1957.[7] The company or a Fortune 500 list that ranked Briggs & Stratton product orders in 1957.[7] The company or a Fortune 500 list that ranked Briggs & Stratton product orders in 1957.[7] The company or a Fortune 500 list that ranked Briggs & Stratton product orders in 1957.[7] The company or a Fortune 500 list that ranked Briggs & Stratton product orders i
500 most profitable companies.[8] But the oil crisis of the late 1970s, combined with concern for the environment and small engine research and development. The company experimented with gas-electronic motors and created Vanguard, a new line of industrial/commercial
products.[9] It also aggressively pursued international markets by allying with the Daihatsu Motor Company and Mitsubishi Heavy Industries.[10] Briggs & Stratton expanded their brand by creating the Motorsports Division in the 1990s, producing engine parts, racing gear, and the most racing engines by any one company in the world.[11] As of 2011
Briggs & Stratton employed over 3,000 people across the United States, producing more than nine million small engines every year. Over 16,000 dealers and retailers stocked and sold Briggs & Stratton products throughout the country and internationally.[12] Matthew Costello Anderson, Harry H. and Frederick I. Olson. Milwaukee: At the Gathering
of Waters. Milwaukee: Milwaukee: Milwaukee County Historical Society, 1981. Gurda, John. The Making of Milwaukee: Milwauk
OEM part for: Briggs & Stratton Engines, Vanguard - Briggs & Stratton Part Number: 593486 Watch TheRepair Video Usually ships in 7 - 12 business days Does this fit my product? Classification: Part Weight: 8.29 lbs. Shipping: Ships Worldwide Image not available for Color
To view this video download Flash Player Click the image to learn more. Headquartered in Milwaukee for over a century, the Briggs and Stratton Corporation began in 1908 as a partnership between inventor Stephen F. Briggs and Stratton Corporation began in 1908 as a partnership between inventor Stephen F. Briggs and Stratton Corporation began in 1908 as a partnership between inventor Stephen F. Briggs and Investor Harold M. Stratton Corporation began in 1908 as a partnership between inventor Stephen F. Briggs and Investor Harold M. Stratton Corporation began in 1908 as a partnership between inventor Stephen F. Briggs and Investor Harold M. Stratton Corporation began in 1908 as a partnership between inventor Stephen F. Briggs and Investor Harold M. Stratton Corporation began in 1908 as a partnership between inventor Stephen F. Briggs and Investor Harold M. Stratton Corporation began in 1908 as a partnership between inventor Stephen F. Briggs and Investor Harold M. Stratton Corporation began in 1908 as a partnership between inventor Harold M. Stratton Corporation began in 1908 as a partnership between inventor Harold M. Stratton Corporation began in 1908 as a partnership between inventor Harold M. Stratton Corporation began in 1908 as a partnership between inventor Harold M. Stratton Corporation began in 1908 as a partnership between inventor Harold M. Stratton Corporation began in 1908 as a partnership between inventor Harold M. Stratton Corporation began in 1908 as a partnership between inventor Harold M. Stratton Corporation began in 1908 as a partnership between inventor Harold M. Stratton Corporation began in 1908 as a partnership between inventor Harold M. Stratton Corporation began in 1908 as a partnership between inventor Harold M. Stratton Corporation began in 1908 as a partnership between inventor Harold M. Stratton Corporation began in 1908 as a partnership between inventor Harold M. Stratton Corporation began in 1908 as a partnership between inventor Harold M. Stratton Corporation between the 1908 as a 
and starter switches, the last of which accounted for most of the company's business as the automobile's popularity soared in the early decades of the twentieth century. In 1919 Briggs & Stratton acquired the A.O. Smith Motor Wheel, a small engine that would drive research and development toward the four-cycle gasoline engine. [2] These engines
were later installed in washing machines, garden tractors, cultivators, and gas-powered generators.[3] As the demand for gas engines grew, Briggs & Stratton developed new models for different purposes. The company's engines grew, Briggs & Stratton developed new models for different purposes. The company's engines grew, Briggs & Stratton developed new models for different purposes. The company's engines grew, Briggs & Stratton developed new models for different purposes.
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the 1970s. In 1981, its success landed the company on a Fortune 500 list that ranked Briggs & Stratton Corporation number 382 out of America's 500 most profitable companies.[8] But the oil crisis of the late 1970s, combined with concern for the environment and small engine competition from Japanese businesses, prompted major investment in
engine research and development. The company experimented with gas-electronic motors and created Vanguard, a new line of industrial/commercial products.[9] It also aggressively pursued international markets by allying with the Daihatsu Motor Company and Mitsubishi Heavy Industries.[10] Briggs & Stratton expanded their brand by creating the
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products throughout the country and internationally.[12] Matthew Costello Anderson, Harry H. and Frederick I. Olson. Milwaukee: Milwaukee
Briggs & Stratton. Fort Lauderdale: Write Stuff Syndicate, 1995. View Location on Map See Also Economy Industrial Landscapes City of Wauwatosa Payment methods SKU: 593486 UPC: 047282028490 MPN: 593486 Condition: New Availability: Usually ships within 2 to 4 days. Shipping: $13.95 (Fixed Shipping Cost) For further inquiries click here
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if an exception cannot be authorized, you will receive an answer from us. No returns will be accepted in our warehouse without an RMA number (Return Merchandise Authorization). All return shipping costs are on customer's responsibility and will not be refundable. Returns are inspected once they arrive. If the inspection determines that the items
are used, non-resellable condition, or damaged, the return will be denied and the customer will be contacted to ship the parts back at the customers' request and cost. View AllClose You may cancel your order, in whole or in part, only if the part is backordered and it isn't ready to ship. Once an order has been shipped, sent from the supplier to our
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cancellation requests are evaluated before its approval. If you submit a cancellation process day. Please allow for the cancellation to be confirmed, and check your account for updates on the status. The cancellation process usually takes 24-48 hours to be
confirmed by email. We will process your cancellation request and issue a refund to your order and ship the remaining items to you. We will send you an email notification if we cancel any part of your order. View AllClose Strength,
efficiency, and longevity—these are the key attributes of the Briggs & Stratton 49R977-0029 Vanguard 26HP Vertical Shaft Engine. Tailored for zero-turn mowers, commercial turf machinery, and heavy-duty equipment, this 810cc V-Twin engine offers outstanding performance with solid engineering designed to handle tough tasks. Whether you're
operating professional landscaping tools or other high-demand applications, this engine guarantees optimal uptime and efficiency, allowing you to complete your work smoothly and without delays. Boasting 26 horsepower, the Vanguard 49R977-0029 stands out for its exceptional torque and responsiveness, making it an ideal selection for professionals
who need reliable and steady power. Its Overhead Valve (OHV) V-Twin design promotes efficient fuel combustion, providing the robust performance required to handle challenging landscapes, dense grass, and substantial loads effortlessly. With a meticulously crafted bore and stroke of 3.3" x 2.89", this engine ensures smooth and reliable operation,
making it a fantastic choice for both commercial use and high-performance residential tasks. Briggs & Stratton crafted the Vanguard 26HP engine with a focus on durability and dependability. Its pressure lubrication system, featuring a built-in oil cooler, ensures optimal lubrication for essential parts, minimizing wear and prolonging the engine's
lifespan. Additionally, the engine is equipped with a cyclonic air filtration system that effectively decreases debris accumulation, promoting excellent airflow and cleaner performance. This results in improved fuel efficiency and reduced maintenance expenses. The Vanguard 49R977-0029 features a computer-controlled battery ignition system that
guarantees accurate spark timing, leading to effortless starts and reliable fuel efficiency. Designed to operate on unleaded gasoline with a regulator, providing steady power to electrical components
making it a dependable option for contemporary equipment. This engine features an electric start system that ensures quick and easy startups, even in tough weather. The robust 12V starter delivers immediate ignition, allowing you to focus on your tasks rather than dealing with issues. Plus, the forced air cooling system efficiently manages internal
temperatures, helping the engine maintain peak performance even during long periods of use. Featuring a keyed shaft with a diameter of 1 1/8" and a total length of 4-5/16", this engine is adaptable for various commercial mower and equipment uses. Its 4-bolt mounting pattern allows for straightforward and secure installation, making it ideal for
engine replacements as well as new equipment setups. Weighing just 94 lbs, this engine is designed to be compact while still delivering impressive power. For those seeking a dependable, high-performance engine capable of handling demanding tasks, the Briggs & Stratton 49R977-0029 Vanguard 26HP Vertical Shaft Engine is an excellent option
Crafted to endure the challenges of commercial applications, it provides outstanding durability, fuel efficiency, and straightforward maintenance. Enhance your equipment with this top-tier engine and feel the boost in power and performance. Enhance your equipment with this top-tier engine and feel the boost in power and performance. Enhance your equipment with this top-tier engine and feel the boost in power and performance.
guidance!, the free encyclopedia that anyone can edit. 117,922 active editors 7,000,112 articles in English Beach on Nosy Komba is a small volcanic island are divided between secondary forest and a patchwork of farmland and
plantations (notably including shade-grown coffee), while the highlands are mainly scrubland, with a bamboo forest in the northern portions. Ampangorina is the main village and administrative center. The island attracts significant ecotourism, thanks in part to its black lemurs. During the early 1800s, the region was heavily settled by Sakalava
refugees and their slaves fleeing the hegemony of the Merina. France gained control of the island in 1840 and converted it to a logistic center for the import of indentured servants. Although Nosy Komba hosts a traditionally protected forest and an arboretum established in the colonial era, protection for the latter is essentially unenforced, and illegal
logging continues. Only small pockets of old-growth forest remain, in remote areas. (Full article...) Recently featured: McDonnell Douglas Phantom in UK service Transportation during the 2024 Summer Olympics and Paralympics Rhine campaign of 1796 Archive By email More featured articles About Hal Hanson ... that while picking his Minnesota
 "team of the century", Dick Cullum said that Hal Hanson (pictured) "made brave men wince"? ... that Soviet trophy brigades systematically looted art and even moved entire factories from Central and Eastern Europe during and after World War II? ... that the only copy of El Apóstol, widely considered to be the first animated feature film, was lost in a
fire? ... that colonial-era bureaucrat Tan Jin Sing's close relationship with Europeans led to the saying that he was "no longer a Chinese, not yet a Dutchman, a half-baked Javanese"? ... that Solomon Islands at the 2024 Summer Olympics were represented by the only all-female delegation at the games? ... that one candidate in the 1990 United States
Senate election in Tennessee began the campaign with $3,000 in campaign funds, while the other began with $1 million? ... that after the pilot of Somali Airlines Flight took off and crashed a few minutes later? ... that Indonesian radio presenters Muhammad Farhan and
Indy Barends co-hosted a 32-hour nonstop radio show in 2001, setting a national record which they held until 2019? ... that in one year, 166,000 people visited a three-bedroom house with a garage that stood amid New York City's skyscrapers? Archive Start a new article Nominate an article Jafar Panahi It Was Just an Accident (director Jafar Panahi
pictured) wins the Palme d'Or at the Cannes Film Festival. Author Banu Mushtaq and translator Deepa Bhasthi win the International Booker Prize for Heart Lamp: Selected Stories. Nicusor Dan is elected as president of Romania. In the Portuguese legislative election, the Democratic Alliance wins the most seats in parliament. Austria, represented by JJ
with the song "Wasted Love", wins the Eurovision Song Contest. Ongoing: Gaza war M23 campaign Russian invasion of Ukraine timeline Recent deaths: Sebastião Salgado Alfredo Palacio Marthe Cohn Charles Rangel Jim Irsay Yury Grigorovich Nominate an article May 28: Republic Day in Armenia (1918); Independence Day
in Azerbaijan (1918) Mozaffar ad-Din 585 BC - According to the Greek historian Herodotus, a solar eclipse, accurately predicted by Thales of Miletus, abruptly ended the Battle of Halys between the Lydians and the Medes. 1644 - English Civil War: Royalist troops stormed and captured the Parliamentarian stronghold of Bolton, leading to a massacre of
defenders and local residents. 1901 - Mozaffar ad-Din (pictured), Shah of Persia, granted exclusive rights to prospect for oil in the country to William Knox D'Arcy. 1937 - The rise of Neville Chamberlain culminated with his accession as Prime Minister of the United Kingdom, being summoned to Buckingham Palace to "kiss hands". 2002 - An
independent commission appointed by the Football Association voted two-to-one to allow Wimbledon F.C. to relocate from London to Milton Keynes. Robert Baldock (d. 1327)Francis Gleeson (priest) (b. 1884)Dietrich Fischer-Dieskau (b. 1925)Kylie Minogue (b. 1968) More anniversaries: May 27 May 28 May 29 Archive By email List of days of the year
About The Hell Gate Bridge is a railroad bridge in New York City, United States. The bridge carries two tracks of Amtrak's Northeast Corridor and one freight track between Astoria, Queens, and Port Morris, Bronx, via Randalls and Wards Islands. Its main span is a 1,017-foot (310 m) steel through arch across Hell Gate, a strait of the East River that
separates Wards Island from Queens. The New York Connecting Railroad began construction of the bridge in 1912, and it opened in 1917. The main span, a two-hinged arch flanked by stone towers on either bank of Hell Gate, was the world's longest steel arch bridge until the Bayonne Bridge opened in 1931. It is one of the few rail connections from
Long Island, of which Queens is part, to the rest of the United States. This panoramic photograph shows the main span of the Hell Gate Bridge, with Wards Island on the left of the image and Astoria on the right. A tugboat tows a barge in the
foreground towards the Hell Gate Bridge. Photograph credit: Rhododendrites Recently featured: Anemonoides blanda Bluespotted ribbontail ray Black Lives Matter art Archive More featured pictures Community portal - The central hub for editors, with resources, links, tasks, and announcements. Village pump - Forum for discussions about Wikipedia
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WikidataFree knowledge base WikinewsFree-content news Wikipedias are available; some of the largest are
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Common Era (CE) and Anno Domini (AD) designations, the 918th year of the 20th century, and the 9th year of the 1910s decade. As of the start of 1918, the Gregorian calendar was 13 days ahead of the Julian calendar, which remained in localized use until 1923. Calendar year The ceasefire that effectively ended
the First World War took place on the eleventh hour of the eleventh hour of the eleventh month of this year. Also in this year, the Spanish flu pandemic killed 50-100 million people worldwide. In Russia, this year runs with only 352 days. As the result of Julian to Gregorian calendar switch, 13 days needed to be skipped. Wednesday, January 31 (Julian
Calendar) was immediately followed by Thursday, February 14 (Gregorian Calendar). World War I will be abbreviated as "WWI" February 16: The Act of Independence of Lithuania Main article: January 4 - The Finnish Declaration of
Independence is recognized by Soviet Russia, Sweden, Germany 8 - American president Woodrow Wilson presents the Fourteen Points as a basis for peace negotiations to end the war. January 9 - Battle of Bear Valley: U.S. troops engage Yaqui Native American warriors in a minor skirmish in Arizona. This is one of the last battles
of the American Indian Wars between the United States and Native Americans. January 15 The keel of HMS Hermes is laid in Britain, the first purpose-designed aircraft carrier to be laid down. The Red Army) is formed in the Russian SFSR and Soviet Union. January 18 - The Historic Concert for the Benefit of
Widows and Orphans of Austrian and Hungarian Soldiers is held at the Konzerthaus, Vienna.[2] January 19 - The Russian Constituent Assembly proclaims the Russian Democratic Federative Republic but is dissolved by the Bolshevik
Russia. January 25 - The Third All-Russian Congress of Soviets establishes the Russian Soviet Federative Socialist Republic. January 27 - The Finnish Civil War begins with the Battle of Kämärä. January 28 - Porvenir massacre: Texas Rangers, U.S. Cavalry soldiers and local ranchers kill 15 unarmed Mexican villagers, both men and boys. Main article
February 1918 February 1 - Cattaro Mutiny: Austrian sailors in the Gulf of Cattaro (Kotor), led by two Czech Socialists, mutiny. February 3 - Battle of Oulu February 3 - The SS Tuscania is torpedoed off the Irish coast; it is the first ship carrying American troops to Europe to be torpedoed and sunk. February 23: Estonian Declaration of Independence
February 6 - Women's suffrage in the United Kingdom: Representation of the People Act gives most women over 30 the vote.[3] February 10 - Deposed Sultan of the Ottoman Empire Abdul Hamid II dies in Istanbul. February 10 - Deposed Sultan of the Ottoman Empire Abdul Hamid II dies in Istanbul. February 10 - Deposed Sultan of the Ottoman Empire Abdul Hamid II dies in Istanbul.
[4] February 14 - Russia switches from the Julian calendar to the Gregorian calendar; the date skips from January 31 to February 14. February 14. February 16 - The Council of Lithuania adopts the Act of Independence of Lithuania, declaring 
 Khetran tribes in Balochistan by British authorities begin. February 19 - WWI: The Capture of Jericho by the Egyptian Expeditionary Force begins the British occupation of the Jordan Valley. February 19-25 - WWI: The Imperial Russian Navy evacuates Tallinn through thick ice, over the Gulf of Finland. February 23 - Estonian Declaration of
Independence from Russia, after seven centuries of foreign rule; German forces capture Tallinn the following day. Main article: March 1 - WWI: The Central Powers and Bolshevist Russia sign the Treaty of Brest-Litovsk, ending Russia's
involvement in the war. March 6 The Finnish Army Corps of Aviation is founded as a forerunner of the Finnish Air Force (established on 4 May 1928). The blue swastika is adopted as its symbol, as a tribute to the Swedish explorer and aviator Eric von Rosen, who donated the first plane. Von Rosen had painted the Viking symbol on the plane as his
personal lucky insignia.[5] The first pilotless drone, the Hewitt-Sperry Automatic Airplane development is scrapped in 1925, after its guidance system proves unreliable. March 7 - WWI: Finland forms an alliance with Germany. March 8 - WWI
The Battle of Tell 'Asur is launched by units of the British Army's Egyptian Expeditionary Force against Ottoman defences from the Mediterranean Sea, across the Judaean Mountains to the edge of the Jordan Valley; it ends on March 12 - Moscow becomes the capital of
Soviet Russia. March 15 - Finnish Civil War: The battle of Tampere begins.[6] March 19 - The United States Congress establishes time zones, and approves daylight saving time (DST goes into effect on March 31). March 21-July 18 - WWI: The Spring Offensive by the German Army along the Western Front fails to make a breakthrough, despite large
losses on each side, including nearly 20,000 British Army dead on the first day, Operation Michael, on the Somme. March 21 - WWI: The First Transjordan attack on Amman by units of the Egyptian Expeditionary Force begins, with the passage of the Jordan River. March 23 WWI: The giant German cannon, the 'Paris Gun' (Kaiser Wilhelm Geschütz)
begins to shell Paris from 114 km (71 mi) away. In London at the Wood Green Empire, Chung Ling Soo (William E. Robinson, U.S.-born magician) dies during his trick, where he is supposed to "catch" two separate bullets (but one of them perforates his lung). He dies the following morning in a hospital. March 25 The Belarusian People's Republic
declares independence. Karl Muck, music director of the Boston Symphony Orchestra, is arrested under the Alien Enemies Act, and imprisoned for the duration of WWI. March 27 - WWI: The First Battle of Amman is launched by units of the Egyptian Expeditionary Force
during the First Transjordan attack on Amman; it ends with their withdrawal on 31 March, back to the Jordan Valley. March 30 - March Days: Bolshevik and Armenian Revolutionary Federation forces suppress a Muslim revolt in Baku, Azerbaijan, resulting in up to 30,000 deaths. Main article: April 1918 Styles of Lucy, Lady Duff-Gordon, as presented
in a vaudeville circuit pantomime and sketched by Marguerite Martyn of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch in April 1 - The Royal Flying Corps and the Royal Flying 
until her death in 1965. April 6 - Finnish Civil War: The battle of Tampere ends.[6] April 8 - Operations against the Marri and Khetran tribes in Balochistan end with surrender to the British authorities. April 9 - Union of Bessarabia with Romania: Bessarabia with Romania: Bessarabia with surrender to the British authorities. April 9 - Union of Bessarabia with Romania: Bessarabia with Romania: Bessarabia with Romania: Bessarabia with surrender to the British authorities.
"The Red Baron", the war's most successful fighter pilot, dies in combat at Morlancourt Ridge near the Somme River. April 22 - Armenia, Azerbaijan, and Georgia declare their independence from Russia as the Transcaucasian Democratic Federative Republic. April 23 - WWI: Conscription Crisis of 1918 in Ireland: A general strike is held here against
conscription. Zeebrugge Raid: The British Royal Navy attempts to seal off the German U-boat base here. [7] First Ostend Raid: The British Royal Navy unsuccessfully attempts to seal off the German U-boat base here. April 28 - WWI: Gavrilo Princip, assassin of Archduke Franz Ferdinand of Austria, dies in Terezin, Austria-Hungary, after three years in
prison. April 30 - WWI: The Second Transjordan attack on Shunet Nimrin and Es Salt, launched by units of the Egyptian Expeditionary Force, ends on 4 May, with their withdrawal back to the Jordan Valley. Main article: May 1918 May 1 - WWI: German troops enter Don Host Oblast; they capture Rostov-on-Don on May 8. May 2 - General Motors
 acquires the Chevrolet Motor Company of Delaware. May 7 - WWI: The British capture Kirkuk. May 9 - WWI - Second Ostend Raid: The British Royal Navy unsuccessfully attempts, for a second time, to seal off the German U-boat base here. May 11 - The Mountainous Republic of the Northern Caucasus is officially established. May 12 - The
HMT Olympic rams into the SM U-103, sinking it. resulting in the deaths of 9 people May 14 - The Three Minute Pause, initiated by the daily firing of the two-minute silence in November 1919.[8] May 15 The Finnish Civil War ends. Their ends. Their
United States Post Office Department begins the world's third regular airmail service, between New York City, Philadelphia and Washington, D.C.[9] May 16 - The Sedition Act of 1918 is approved by the U.S. Congress. May 20 - The United
States Army Aviation Section is separated from the Signal Corps, and divided into the Division of Military Aeronautics and the Bureau of Aircraft Production. [10] May 26 - The Transcaucasian Democratic Federative Republic is abolished;
Georgia declares its independence as the Democratic Republic of Georgia. May 27 - WWI: The Third Battle of the Aisne commences. May 28 - Armenia and Azerbaijan Democratic Republic respectively. May 29 - WWI: The week-long Battle of Sardarabad concludes with
defending Armenian forces victorious over the Ottomans. May 29-30 - WWI: Battle of Skra di Legen - The Greek National Defence Army Corps defeats the Bulgarians. June 10: Austro-Hungarian battleship Szent István sunk by Italian torpedo boats Szent István Main article: June 1918 June-August - The "Spanish flu" becomes pandemic.[11] Over
30 million people die in the following 6 months. June 1 - WWI: The Battle of Belleau Wood begins. June 4 - RMS Kenilworth Castle, one of the Union-Castle Line steamships, collides with her escort destroyer HMS Rival while trying to avoid her other escort, the cruiser HMS Kent. June 8 - V603 Aquilae, the brightest nova observed since Kepler's of
 1604, is discovered. June 10 - WWI: The Austro-Hungarian dreadnought battleship SMS Szent István is sunk by two Italian MAS motor torpedo boats off the Romanovs to be killed by the Bolsheviks. WWI: The first airplane bombing raid by an
American unit in France is carried out. June 16 - The Declaration to the Seven, a British government response to a memorandum issued anonymously by seven Syrian notables, is published. June 22 - Suspects in the Chicago Restaurant Poisonings are arrested, and more than 100 waiters are taken into custody for poisoning restaurant customers with a
lethal powder called Mickey Finn. June 29 - Bronx International Exposition of Science, Arts and Industries opens in New York; Brazil is the only international exhibitor and the exposition closes at the end of the season. [12] Main article: July 1918 July 3 - Allied intervention in the Russian Civil War: The Siberian Intervention is launched by the Allies, to
extract the Czechoslovak Legion from the Russian Civil War. July 4 - Mehmed VI succeeds as Sultan of the Ottoman Empire on the death of his half-brother Mehmed V (Reşâd, who has reigned since 1909), himself reigning until the Sultanate is abolished in 1922. July 12 - The Imperial Japanese Navy battleship Kawachi blows up off Tokuyama
Yamaguchi, western Honshu, Japan, killing at least 621. July 13 - The National Czechoslovak Committee is established. July 14 - The film The Glorious Adventure is released in the United States, featuring Mammy Lou, who becomes one of the oldest people ever to star in a film, at a claimed age of 114. July 14 - WWI: Second Battle of the Marne: The film The Glorious Adventure is released in the United States, featuring Mammy Lou, who becomes one of the oldest people ever to star in a film, at a claimed age of 114. July 14 - WWI: Second Battle of the Marne: The film The Glorious Adventure is released in the United States, featuring Mammy Lou, who becomes one of the oldest people ever to star in a film, at a claimed age of 114. July 14 - WWI: Second Battle of the Marne: The film The Glorious Adventure is released in the United States, featuring Mammy Lou, who becomes one of the oldest people ever to star in a film, at a claimed age of 114. July 14 - WWI: Second Battle of the Marne: The film The Glorious Adventure is released in the United States, featuring Mammy Lou, who becomes one of the Oldest people ever to star in a film, at a claimed age of 114. July 14 - WWI: Second Battle of the Marne: The film The Glorious Adventure is released in the United States, featuring Mammy Lou, who becomes one of the Oldest people ever to star in the United States, feature in the United States and the United States are the United States and the United States are the United States and the United States are the Unit
battle begins near the River Marne, with a German attack. July 14 - Quentin Roosevelt, Theodore Roosevelt's youngest son, is killed in action during the Second Battle of the RMS Titanic) is torpedoed and sunk off the east coast of
Ireland, by Imperial German Navy submarine U-55; 218 of the 223 on board are rescued.[13] Execution of the Romanov family: By order of the Bolshevik Party, and carried out by the Cheka, former emperor Nicholas II, his wife Alexandra Feodorovna, their children, Olga, Tatiana, Maria, Anastasia, Alexei and retainers are shot at the Ipatiev House, in
Ekaterinburg, Russia. July 21 - WWI: Attack on Orleans - Imperial German submarine SM U-156 surfaces and fires on a small convoy of barges and defending flying boats off the Cape Cod town of Orleans, Massachusetts.[14] Main article: August 1918 August 2 - North Russia Intervention: Anti-Bolshevik forces stage a coup at Arkhangelsk, and an
occupation by Allied forces follows.[15] August 3 - WWI: Australian hospital ship HMAT Warilda is torpedoed and sunk in the English Channel on passage from Le Havre to Southampton by German submarine SM UC-49 with the loss of 123 of the 801 people on board.[16] August 8 - WWI: Battle of Amiens - British, Canadian and Australian troops
begin a string of almost continuous victories, the 'Hundred Days Offensive', with an 8-mile push through the German Army".[17] August 10 - Russian Revolution: The British commander in Archangel is told to help the White Russians
August 16 - The Battle of Lake Baikal is fought by the Czechoslovak legion, against the Red Army. August 21 - WWI: The Second Battle of Ambos Nogales: U.S. Army forces skirmish against Mexican Carrancistas and their German advisors at Nogales,
Arizona, in the only battle of WWI fought on United States soil. August 30 In response to the October Revolution in Russia, Vladimir Lenin is shot and wounded by Fanny Kaplan in Moscow, but survives.[18] Moisei Uritsky, the Petrograd head of the Cheka, is assassinated. August 30: Attempted assassination of Lenin, depicted by Vladimir Pchelin Main
article: September 1918 September - WWI: British armies and their Arab allies roll into Syria. September 3 - The Bolshevik government of Russia publishes the first official announcement of the Red Terror, a period of repression against political opponents, as an "Appeal to the Working Class" in the newspaper Izvestia.[19] September 4 - WWI: Battle
of Mont Saint-Quentin concludes with the Australian Corps breaking the German line. September 5 - Russian Civil War: The Kazan Operation begins. The event continues for 5 days, and solidifies the Red Army's power in Russia over the White Army. September 12 - WWI: Battle of Havrincourt - The British take a German salient. September 12-15 -
WWI: Battle of Saint-Mihiel - Americans take a German salient. September 14 - WWI: Battle of Dobro Pole in the Vardar Offensive by the Serbian Army begins. September 15-18 - WWI: Battle of Dobro Pole in the Vardar Offensive by the Serbian Army begins. September 15-18 - WWI: Battle of Dobro Pole in the Vardar Offensive by the Serbian Army begins.
approach the Hindenburg Line along the St Quentin Canal. September 19 - WWI: The British Army's Egyptian Expeditionary Force launches the Battle of Nablus, an attack in the Judaean Mountains. This day are fought the Battle of Tulkarm, and the Battle of Arara, which break the
Ottoman front line stretching from the Mediterranean coast to the Judaean Mountains, while the Battle of Tabsor extends into September 20 - WWI: The British Army's Desert Mounted Corps launches the Battle of Nazareth by 5th Cavalry Division (British Indian Army); Capture
of Afulah and Beisan by the 4th Cavalry Division (British Indian Army); Capture of Jenin by the Australian Mounted Division, almost encircling the Yildirim Army Group still in the Judaean Mountains. September 25 - WWI: The Battle of Megiddo ends with the Battle of Haifa, Battle
with ANZAC Mounted Division victory at the Second Battle of Amman, with the subsequent capture at Ziza of the Ottoman II Corps, and more than 10,000 Ottoman and German prisoners. September 26 - WWI: The Meuse-Argonne Offensive begins, the largest and bloodiest operation of the war for the American Expeditionary Forces. The Capture of
Damascus begins, with the Charge at Irbid by the 4th Cavalry Division. September 27 - WWI The Battle of the Canal du Nord, launched by British and Empire forces, continues the advance towards Damascus. September 27 - WWI The Battle of Jisr Benat Yakub, launched by the Australian Mounted Division, continues the advance towards Damascus. September 27 - WWI The Battle of Jisr Benat Yakub, launched by British and Empire forces, continues the advance towards Damascus.
29 - WWI: Battle of St Quentin Canal begins; Allied forces advance towards the Hindenburg Line. Bulgaria requests an armistice, with the Armistice of Salonica being signed and coming into force the next day. September 30 - WWI: The Charge at Kaukab is begun by 4th
Cavalry Division, continuing the Desert Mounted Corps advance to Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus. Main article: October 1 - WWI: The Desert Mounted
Chancellor of Germany, King Ferdinand I of Bulgaria abdicates in the wake of the Bulgarian military collapse in WWI. He is succeeded by his son, Boris III. WWI: The Pursuit to Haritan by the Desert Mounted Corps begins. October 4 Wilhelm II of Germany forms a new, liberal government to sue for peace. The T. A. Gillespie Company Shell Loading
Plant explosion in New Jersey kills 100+, and destroys enough ammunition to supply the Western Front for 6 months. October 7 - The Regency Council (Poland) declares Polish independence from the German Empire, and demands that Germany cede the Polish provinces of Poznań, Upper Silesia and Polish Pomerania. October 8-10 - WWI: Second
Battle of Cambrai: British and Canadian troops take Cambrai from the Germans and the First and Third British Armies break through the Hindenburg Line. October 8 - WWI: In the Forest of Argonne in France, U.S. Corporal Alvin C. York almost single-handedly kills 25 German soldiers and captures 132. October 9 - Landgrave Prince Frederick
Charles of Hesse is elected King of Finland. October 11 - The magnitude (Mw) 7.1 San Fermín earthquake shakes Puerto Rico with a maximum Mercalli intensity of IX (Violent), killing 76-116 people. A destructive tsunami contributes to the damage and loss of life. October 12 - Cloquet Fire: The city of Cloquet, Minnesota, and nearby areas are
destroyed in a fire, killing 453. October 16 - Emperor Karl IV of Austria publishes the Wölkermanifest manifesto, declaring the Cisleithanian part of the empire will be federalized on the basis of national councils October 18 - The Washington Declaration proclaims the independent Czechoslovak Republic. October 21 - German representatives of the
Reichsrat in Austria-Hungary form the Provisional National Assembly for German-Austria October 24 - WWI: The Battle of Vittorio Veneto opens. October 25 WWI: Aleppo is captured, by Prince Feisal's Sheifial Forces. The steamer Princess Sophia sinks on Vanderbilt Reef near Juneau, Alaska; 353 people die, in the greatest maritime disaster in the
Pacific Northwest. October 26 - WWI - Charge at Haritan: Units of the Desert Mounted Corps battle with Ottoman forces for the last time in WWI. October 28 Czechoslovakia declares its independence from Austria-Hungary. A new Polish government is declared in Western Galicia (Eastern Europe). October 29 The Wilhelmshaven mutiny of the Germa
High Seas Fleet breaks out. The State of Slovenes, Croats and Serbs declares its independence from Austria-Hungary. October 30 The Martin Declaration is published, including Slovakia in the formation of the Czecho-Slovak state. The Armistice of Mudros ends conflict between the Ottoman Empire and the Allies of World War I, and grants
independence to the Mutawakkilite Kingdom of Yemen. October 31 - Revolution overthrows the pro-Habsburg government in Hungary, effectively dissolving the Austro-Hungarian Empire. Main article: November 1918 Novem
capital at Lwów. Serbian forces recapture Belgrade. Malbone Street Wreck: The worst rapid transit accident in world history occurs under the intersection of Malbone Street and Flatbush Avenue, in Brooklyn, New York City, with at least 93 dead. November 3 WWI: The Armistice of Villa Giusti is signed between Austria-Hungary and the Allies near
Padua. Poland declares its independence from Russia. German fleet at Kiel while throughout northern German fleet at Kie
and Austria-Hungary on the Italian Front. November 8 - The German army withdraws its support of the Kaiser. The German Armistice delegation arrives at the Forest of Compiègne in France. November 9: Proclamation of German
Republic by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin on the Reichstag balcony, November 9 Kaiser Wilhelm II of Germany by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin, on the Reichstag balcony, One of several significant events on 9 November in Germany by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin, on the Reichstag balcony, One of several significant events on 9 November in Germany by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin, on the Reichstag balcony, One of several significant events on 9 November in Germany by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin, on the Reichstag balcony, One of several significant events on 9 November in Germany by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin, on the Reichstag balcony, One of several significant events on 9 November in Germany by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin, on the Reichstag balcony, One of several significant events on 9 November in Germany by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin, on the Reichstag balcony, One of several significant events on 9 November in Germany by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin, on the Reichstag balcony, One of several significant events on 9 November in Germany by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin, on the Reichstag balcony, One of several significant events on 9 November in Germany by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin, on the Reichstag balcony, One of several significant events on 9 November in Germany by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin, on the Reichstag balcony, One of several significant events of the Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin on the Reichstag balcony, One of several significant events of the Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin on the Reichstag balcony, One of several significant events of the Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin on the Reichstag balcony, One of several significant events of the Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin on the Reichstag balcony, One of several significant events of the Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin on the Reichstag balcony, One of several significant events of the Philipp Scheidemann events
National Council Minister-President Kurt Eisner declares Bavaria to be a republic. British battleship HMS Britannia is sunk by a German submarine off Trafalgar, with the loss of around fifty lives (the last major naval engagement of WWI). Signatories to the Armistice of 11 November 1918 with Germany, ending WWI, pose outside Marshal Foch's
railway carriageNovember 11: Front page of The New York Times on Armistice Day November 10 Luxembourg city, beginning the Luxembourg rebellions. [20] November 11: Front page of The New York Times on Armistice Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times on Armistice Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times on Armistice Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times on Armistice Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times on Armistice Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times on Armistice Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times on Armistice Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day November 11: Front page of The New York Times Day Novem
the "Compiègne Wagon", Marshal Foch's railroad car, in the Forest of Compiègne in France. It becomes (probably) the last killed in action. Poland regains independence, after 123 years of partitions. Józef Piłsudski is appointed Commander-in
Chief. Emperor Charles I of Austria gives up his absolute power, but does not abdicate. Loppem Agreements: Start of a series of political meetings between King Albert I and Belgian liberals and socialists. Red Week: Pieter Jelles Troelstra gives a speech calling for socialist revolution in the Netherlands. November 12 - Austria becomes a republic.
November 13 The Allied Occupation of Constantinople begins. Frederick II, Grand Duke of Baden, relinquishes all governing duties. November 14 Czechoslovakia becomes a republic. The Second Polish Republic of Baden, relinquishes all governing duties. November 14 Czechoslovakia becomes a republic. The Second Polish Republic of Baden, relinquishes all governing duties.
(Freie Volksrepublik Baden). Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse, is forced from his throne, leading to the establishment of the Free State of Mecklenburg-Schwerin. Charles Edward, Duke of Saxe-Coburg and
Gotha, announces he is ceasing to rule Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, leading to the establishment of the Free State of Coburg. German East African troops are informed of the November 18 - Latvia declares its
independence from Russia. November 20 - U-boats start to rendezvous off Harwich, to begin the surrender of the High Seas Fleet to the British Royal Navy; in the following week the German warships are escorted to internment in Scapa Flow. [22] November 21 - Lwów pogrom: Polish troops, volunteers and freed criminals massacre at least 320
Ukrainian Christians and Jews in Lwów, Galicia. November 22 The Belgian royal family returns to Brussels after the war, King Albert I having commanded the Allied army group in the September-October Courtrai offensive, which liberated his country. Frederick II, Grand Duke of Baden, abdicates; the Grand Duchy of Baden gives way to the Republic
of Baden. November 23 - British military government of Palestine begins. [23] November 25 - General Paul von Lettow-Vorbeck, German commander in German East Africa, signs a ceasefire at Abercorn in Northern Rhodesia. November 26 - The Podgorica Assembly ('Great National Assembly of the Serb People in Montenegro') votes for a "union of the
people" between the kingdoms of Montenegro and Serbia and for deposition of the exiled King Nicholas I of Montenegro. [24] November 28 - Estonian War of Independence: The Red Army invades Estonia, starting the war. The Commune of the Working People of Estonia is established as a Soviet pupper state in Narva on the next day. November 29 -
Serbia annexes Montenegro, suspending the latter's existence as a sovereign state for nearly the entirety of the following 88 years. [25] November 30 - Ernest Ansermet conducts the first concert by the Orchestre de la Suisse Romande. Main article: December 1918 December 1918 December 1918 December 1918 December 30 - Ernest Ansermet conducts the first concert by the Orchestre de la Suisse Romande.
remains in personal union with the King of Denmark, who also becomes the King of Iceland. New voting laws in Sweden makes votes no longer dependent on taxable assets, each adult having one vote. The Union of Alba Iulia is proclaimed: Following the March 27 incorporation of Bessarabia and Bucovina, Transylvania unites with the Kingdom of
Romania. The Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes (which later becomes the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes December 4 - President Woodrow Wilson departs
by ship to the Paris Peace Conference, becoming the first United States President to travel to Europe while holding office. December 5 - Estonian War of Independence: The British light cruiser HMS Cassandra strikes a mine and sinks near Saaremaa in the Baltic Sea, killing 11 sailors. [26] December 6 - A magnitude (Mw) 7.2 earthquake shakes British
Columbia. December 14 Prince Frederick Charles of Hesse renounces the Finnish throne. [27] Portuguese President Sidónio Pais is assassinated. Giacomo Puccini's comic opera Gianni Schicchi premiered at the Metropolitan Opera in New York City. [28] December 16 - Vincas Mickevičius-Kapsukas declares the formation of the Lithuanian Soviet
Socialist Republic, a puppet state created by the Russian SFSR to justify the Lithuanian-Soviet War. December 17 - Darwin Rebellion in Australia: Disaffected workers march on Government House, Darwin, demanding the resignation of the Administrator of the Northern Territory, John A. Gilruth. December 20 - Tomáš Garrigue Masaryk returns to the
Czechoslovak Republic. December 21 - Estonian War of Independence: The Red Army captures Tartu, Estonia. December 25 - Der Stahlhelm, Bund der Frontsoldaten, is formed in Germany as a nationalist veterans' organization. December 27 - Greater Poland Uprising (1918-19): Poles in Greater Poland (the former Grand Duchy of Posen) rise up
against the Germans, ignited by a patriotic speech made in Poznań by pianist and politician Ignacy Jan Paderewski. December 28 - Sinn Féin enjoys a landslide victory in Irish seats in the Irish general election (part of the 1918 United Kingdom general election), following the counting of votes, winning 73 of the 105 seats in Ireland. In accordance with
their manifesto, Sinn Féin members will not take their seats in the Palace of Westminster but will form the First Dáil in Dublin. Countess Constance Markievicz, while detained in Holloway Prison (London), becomes the first woman elected to (but does not take her seat in) the British House of Commons. [29] December 31 - A British-brokered ceasefire
ends the two weeks of fighting in the Georgian-Armenian War. Nakajima Aircraft Company, a predecessor of the Subaru car manufacturing company in Japan, is founded in Ota, Gunma Prefecture. [citation needed] João Figueiredo Gamal Abdel Nasser Gertrude B. Elion Nicolae Ceauşescu January 1 - Patrick Anthony Porteous, Scottish recipient of the
Victoria Cross (d. 2000) January 2 - Gudrun Zapf-von Hesse, German typographer, calligrapher and book-binder (d. 2019) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Brazil (d. 1999) Gamal Abdel Nasser, 2nd President of Universident of Guyana (d. 2008) January 11 - Kassim Al-Rimawi, Prime Minister of Jordan (d. 1982) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) January 11 - Kassim Al-Rimawi, Prime Minister of Jordan (d. 1982) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) January 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) Janua
Egypt (d. 1970) January 16 - Stirling Silliphant, American writer, producer (d. 1993) George M. Leader, American writer, producer (d. 1993) Richard Winters, U.S. Army officer
(d. 2011)[31] January 22 - Elmer Lach, Canadian ice hockey player (d. 2015) January 23 - Gertrude B. Elion, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 26 Nicolae Ceausescu, Romanian communist politician and leader (d. 2011)[31] January 22 - Elmer Lach, Canadian ice hockey player (d. 2015) January 23 - Gertrude B. Elion, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 26 Nicolae Ceausescu, Romanian communist politician and leader (d. 2015) January 27 - Oral Roberts, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 28 - Oral Roberts, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 29 - Oral Roberts, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 20 - Oral Roberts, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 20 - Oral Roberts, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 20 - Oral Roberts, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 20 - Oral Roberts, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 20 - Oral Roberts, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 20 - Oral Roberts, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 20 - Oral Roberts, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 20 - Oral Roberts, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 20 - Oral Roberts, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 20 - Oral Roberts, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 20 - Oral Roberts, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 20 - Oral Roberts, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 20 - Oral Roberts, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 20 - Oral Roberts, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 20 - Oral Roberts, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 20 - Oral Roberts, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 20 - Oral Roberts, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 20 - Oral Roberts, American neo-Pentecostal televang
1989) Philip José Farmer, American writer (d. 2009) January 27 Skitch Henderson, English-born musician, bandleader (d. 1997) John Forsythe, American actor (d. 2010) January 31 - Millie Dunn Veasey, African-American civil rights activist (d.
2018) Joey Bishop Julian Schwinger February 1 Carlos Fayt, Argentine lawyer, politician and academic (d. 2011) February 3 Joey Bishop, American entertainer, member of the "Rat Pack" (d. 2007) Helen Stephens, American runner (d. 1994) February 4 -
Ida Lupino, Anglo-American actress, screenwriter, director and producer (d. 1995) February 8 - Fred Blassie, American professional wrestler, novelty singer (Pencil Neck Geek) (d. 2003) February 12 - Julian
Schwinger, American physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 1994) February 15 - Smilja Avramov, Serbian academic, authority and educator in international law (d. 2018) February 15 - Smilja Avramov, Serbian academic, authority and educator in international law (d. 2018) February 15 - Smilja Avramov, Serbian academic, authority and educator in international law (d. 2018) February 15 - Smilja Avramov, Serbian academic, authority and educator in international law (d. 2018) February 15 - Smilja Avramov, Serbian academic, authority and educator in international law (d. 2018) February 15 - Smilja Avramov, Serbian academic, authority and educator in international law (d. 2018) February 15 - Smilja Avramov, Serbian academic, authority and educator in international law (d. 2018) February 15 - Smilja Avramov, Serbian academic, authority and educator in international law (d. 2018) February 15 - Smilja Avramov, Serbian academic, authority and educator in international law (d. 2018) February 15 - Smilja Avramov, Serbian academic, authority and educator in international law (d. 2018) February 15 - Smilja Avramov, Serbian academic, authority and educator in international law (d. 2018) February 15 - Smilja Avramov, Serbian academic, authority and educator in international law (d. 2018) February 15 - Smilja Avramov, Serbian academic, authority and educator in international law (d. 2018) February 15 - Smilja Avramov, Serbian academic, authority and educator in international law (d. 2018) February 15 - Smilja Avramov, Serbian academic, authority and educator in international law (d. 2018) February 15 - Smilja Avramov, Serbian academic, authority and educator in international law (d. 2018) February 15 - Smilja Avramov, Serbian academic, authority and educator in international law (d. 2018) February 15 - Smilja Avramov, Serbian academic, authority and educator in international law (d. 2018) February 15 - Smilja Avramov, Serbian academic, authority academic 
announcer (Saturday Night Live) (d. 2014) Robert Pershing Wadlow, American tallest man record-holder (d. 1940) February 25 Barney Ewell, American tennis player (d. 1995) February 26 Herbert Blaize, 6th Prime Minister of Grenada (d. 1989) Lloyd Geering, New
Zealand theologian[33] Theodore Sturgeon, American writer (d. 1985) February 28 - Alfred Burke, English actor (d. 2011) João Goulart, 24th President of Brazil (d. 1976) March 3 Arthur Kornberg, American writer (d. 2011) João Goulart, 24th President of Brazil (d. 1976) March 3 Arthur Kornberg, American writer (d. 2011) João Goulart, 24th President of Brazil (d. 1976) March 3 Arthur Kornberg, American writer (d. 2011) João Goulart, 24th President of Brazil (d. 1976) March 3 Arthur Kornberg, American writer (d. 2011) João Goulart, 24th President of Brazil (d. 1976) March 3 Arthur Kornberg, American writer (d. 2011) João Goulart, 24th President of Brazil (d. 1976) March 3 Arthur Kornberg, American writer (d. 2011) João Goulart, 24th President of Brazil (d. 1976) March 3 Arthur Kornberg, American writer (d. 2011) João Goulart, 24th President of Brazil (d. 1976) March 3 Arthur Kornberg, American writer (d. 2011) João Goulart, 24th President of Brazil (d. 1976) March 3 Arthur Kornberg, American writer (d. 2011) João Goulart, 24th President of Brazil (d. 1976) March 3 Arthur Kornberg, American writer (d. 2011) João Goulart, 24th President of Brazil (d. 1976) March 3 Arthur Kornberg, American writer (d. 2011) João Goulart, 24th President of Brazil (d. 1976) March 3 Arthur Kornberg, American writer (d. 2011) João Goulart, 24th President of Brazil (d. 1976) March 3 Arthur Kornberg, American writer (d. 2011) João Goulart, 24th President of Brazil (d. 1976) March 3 Arthur Kornberg, American writer (d. 1976) March 3 Arthur Kornberg, American writer (d. 2011) March 3 Arthur Kornberg, American writer (d. 2011) March 3 Arthur Writer (d. 2011) March 3 
biochemist, recipient of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine (d. 2007) Fritz Thiedemann, German equestrian (d. 2000) March 4 - Margaret Osborne duPont, American economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2002)[34] March 9 Marguerite Chapman, American actress (d. 1999)
George Lincoln Rockwell, American Nazi leader (d. 1967) Mickey Spillane, American writer (d. 2006)[35] March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2009) March 12 Elaine de Kooning, American physicist, Nobel Prize
laureate (d. 1998)[37] March 17 - Viviane Gauthier, Haitian dancer (d. 2017) March 22 - Cheddi Jagan, 4th President of Guyana (d. 1940s) Émile Derlin Zinsou, President of Benin (d. 2016) March 28 - Gonzalo Facio Segreda, Costa Rican lawyer, politician, and diplomat (d. 2018) March 29 Pearl
Bailey, African-American singer, actress (d. 1990) Sam Walton, founder of Wal-Mart (d. 1982) William Holden Kai Siegbahn Fanny Blankers-Koen April 1 - Diarmuid Larkin, Irish artist and art educationist (d. 1982) April 7 - Bobby
Doerr, American baseball player (d. 2017) April 8 - Betty Ford, First Lady of the United States (d. 2011) April 11 - Jean-Claude Servan-Schreiber, French journalist, politician (d. 2018) April 14 - Mary Healy, American actress, variety
entertainer and singer (d. 2015)[38] April 16 - Spike Milligan, Irish comedian (d. 2002) April 17 William Holden, American actor (d. 1981) Anne Shirley, American actor (d. 2014) Shinobu Hashimoto, Japanese screenwriter (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2014) Shinobu Hashimoto, Japanese screenwriter (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2014) Shinobu Hashimoto, Japanese screenwriter (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2014) Shinobu Hashimoto, Japanese screenwriter (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2014) Shinobu Hashimoto, Japanese screenwriter (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physi
2007)[39] April 26 - Fanny Blankers-Koen, Dutch athlete (d. 2004) April 28 Karl-Eduard von Schnitzler, East German journalist, host of the television show Der schwarze Kanal (d. 2001) Rodger Young, United States Army soldier, remembered in the song "The Ballad of Rodger Young" (d. 1943) April 29 - Nils Östensson, Swedish Olympic cross-country
skier (d. 1949) Mike Wallace Richard Feynman Eddy Arnold Birgit Nilsson Yasuhiro Nakasone Martin Lundstrom May 1 Jack Paar, American television show host (The Tonight Show) (d. 2004)[40] Li Yaowen, Chinese politician, general and diplomat (d. 2018) May 4 Kakuei Tanaka, 40th Prime Minister of Japan (d. 1993) Ana Enriqueta Terán,
Venezuelan poet (d. 2017) May 6 Henrietta Boggs, Costa Rican-American author, journalist and activist (d. 2020) Zayed bin Sultan Al Nahyan, 1st President of the United Arab Emirates (d. 2012) May 11 - Richard Feynman, American physicist, Nobel
Prize laureate (d. 1988)[41] May 12 - Julius Rosenberg, American-born Soviet spy (d. 2009)[42] May 15 Eddy Arnold, American country music singer (d. 2000)[43] May 17 - Birgit Nilsson, Swedish soprano (d. 2005)[44] May 19 - Abraham Pais, Dutch-born
American physicist (d. 2000) May 20 - Edward B. Lewis, American major league baseball player, politician (d. 2019) May 23 Frank Mancuso, American poet (d. 2023) May 27 - Yasuhiro Nakasone, 45th Prime Minister of Japan (d. 2019) May 28
Norbert Franck, Luxembourgish swimmer (d. 2006) Johnny Wayne, Canadian comedian (d. 1990) May 30 - Martin Lundström, Swedish Olympic cross-country skier (d. 2016) May 31 - Margaret Todd, Canadian female golfer (d. 2017) June 6 - Edwin G. Krebs
American biochemist, recipient of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine (d. 2009) June 8 - Robert Preston, American actor (The Music Man) (d. 1987) June 11 - Hugo Scheltema, Dutch diplomat (d. 1996) June 15 - François Tombalbaye, 1st President
of Chad (d. 1975) June 17 Derek Barber, Baron Barber of Tewkesbury, British life peer (d. 2017) Ajahn Chah Subaddho, Buddhist teacher (d. 1994) June 18 Jerome Karle, American chemist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2013) Franco Modigliani, Italian-born economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2017) Ajahn Chah Subaddho, Buddhist teacher (d. 1994) June 18 Jerome Karle, American chemist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2013) Franco Modigliani, Italian-born economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2017) Ajahn Chah Subaddho, Buddhist teacher (d. 2018) Franco Modigliani, Italian-born economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2018) Franco Modigliani, Italian-born economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2018) Franco Modigliani, Italian-born economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2018) Franco Modigliani, Italian-born economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2018) Franco Modigliani, Italian-born economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2018) Franco Modigliani, Italian-born economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2018) Franco Modigliani, Italian-born economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2018) Franco Modigliani, Italian-born economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2018) Franco Modigliani, Italian-born economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2018) Franco Modigliani, Italian-born economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2018) Franco Modigliani, Italian-born economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2018) Franco Modigliani, Italian-born economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2018) Franco Modigliani, Italian-born economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2018) Franco Modigliani, Italian-born economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2018) Franco Modigliani, Italian-born economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2018) Franco Modigliani, Italian-born economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2018) Franco Modigliani, Italian-born economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2018) Franco Modigliani, Italian-born economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2018) Fran
2003) Ángel Martín Taboas, Puerto Rican-American politician (d. 2023) June 21 Allan Lindberg, Swedish pole vaulter (d. 2004) Tibor Szele, Hungarian mathematician (d. 1955) Josephine Webb, American engineer (d. 2007) June 22 Cicely Saunders, English Anglican nurse, social worker, physician and writer (d. 2005)[45] Yeoh Ghim Seng, Singaporean
politician, acting President of Singapore (d. 1993) June 24 Myroslav Ivan Lubachivsky, Ukrainian Catholic bishop (d. 2000) Yong Nyuk Lin, Singaporean politician (d. 2008) June 27 Willy Breinholst, Danish humorist, writer (d. 2009) Adolph
Kiefer, American Olympic swimmer (d. 2017)[46] June 29 - Heini Lohrer, Swiss ice hockey player (d. 2011) June 30 - Jackie Roberts, Welsh footballer (d. 2001) Ingmar Bergman Bertram Brockhouse Nelson Mandela Paul D. Boyer July 1 Ahmed Deedat, South African writer, public speaker (d. 2005) Pedro Yap, Filipino lawyer (d. 2003) July 2 Athos
Bulção, Brazilian painter, sculptor (d. 2008) Indumati Bhattacharva, Indian politician (d. 1990) Iuly 3 - Lorenzo Robledo, Spanish actor (d. 2006) Iuly 4 King Taufa'āhau Tupou IV of Tonga (d. 2006) Iuly 5 Zakaria Mohieddin, Egyptian general, politician (d. 2012) Nikos
Papatakis, Greek Ethiopian-born naturalised French filmmaker (d. 2010) Miguel Ángel Sanz Bocos, Spanish fighter pilot (d. 2018) July 6 Sebastian Cabot, English actor (d. 1977) Francisco Moncion, Dominican-American dancer, charter member of New York City Ballet (d. 1995) July 7 - Jing Shuping, Chinese businessman (d. 2009) July 8 Paul B. Fay,
American businessman, soldier, and diplomat, 12th United States Secretary of the Navy (d. 2009) Oluf Reed-Olsen, Norwegian resistance member, pilot (d. 2002) July 12 - Mary Glen-Haig, British Olympic fencer (d. 2014) July 13 Alberto Ascari, Italian racing driver (d. 1955) Ted Oldfield, English
footballer (d. 2006) July 14 T. M. Aluko, Nigerian writer (d. 2010)[47] Ingmar Bergman, Swedish film director (d. 2007[48]) Jay Wright Forrester, American computer scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 15 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 15 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[47] Ingmar Bergman, Swedish film director (d. 2007[48]) Jay Wright Forrester, American computer scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 15 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 15 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 15 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 16 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 17 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 18 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 19 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 19 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 19 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 19 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 19 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 19 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 19 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 19 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 19 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 19 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 19 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 19 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 19 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 19 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 19 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 19 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 19 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 19 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 19 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 19 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 19 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 19 Paddy Bassett, New Zeal
neuropsychologist July 16 Bayani Casimiro, Filipino dancer and actor (d. 1989) Pituka de Foronda, Spanish actress (d. 2010) Nelson Mandela, 1st President of South Africa and recipient of the Nobel Peace Prize (d. 2013)
[50] July 20 - Auður Laxness, Icelandic writer, craftsperson (d. 2012) July 21 - Elsa Kobberstad, Norwegian schoolteacher, politician (d. 2007) July 22 - Lila Zali, Georgian-born American prima ballerina (d. 2012) July 27 - Leonard Rose,
American cellist (d. 1984) July 28 - Penaia Ganilau, 1st President of Fiji (d. 1993) July 29 - Edwin O'Connor, American novelist, Pulitzer Prize for Fiction winner (d. 2018) Hank Jones, American pianist (d. 2010)[51]
Bruria Kaufman Frederick Sanger Shankar Dayal Sharma Leonard Bernstein Katherine Johnson Aslam Khan Alejandro Agustín Lanusse August 1 Artur Brauner, German film producer and entrepreneur (d. 2018) August 3 - Cheng Kaijia, Chinese
nuclear physicist and engineer (d. 2018) August 4 - Noel Willman, Irish actor (d. 1988) August 5 Kondapalli Koteswaramma, Indian communist leader, feminist, revolutionary and writer (d. 2018) Betty Oliphant, co-founder of National Ballet of Canada (d. 2004) August 12 - Guy Gibson, British bomber pilot, leader of the "Dam Busters" raid (d. 1944)
August 13 Noor Hassanali, 2nd President of Trinidad and Tobago (d. 2006) Frederick Sanger, English biochemist, double Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2013) August 20 - Crystal Bennett, British archaeologist, pioneering researcher on Jordan (d. 1987) August 21 - Bruria Kaufman,
American-born Israeli physicist (d. 2010) August 23 - Bernard Fisher, American physical chemist (d. 2019) August 23 - Bernard Fisher, American physicist, (d. 2019) August 23 - Bernard Fisher, American physicist, (d. 2019) August 23 - Bernard Fisher, American physicist, (d. 2019) August 23 - Bernard Fisher, American physicist, (d. 2019) August 23 - Bernard Fisher, American physicist, (d. 2019) August 23 - Bernard Fisher, American physicist, (d. 2019) August 23 - Bernard Fisher, American physicist, (d. 2019) August 23 - Bernard Fisher, American physicist, (d. 2019) August 25 - Leonard Bernard Fisher, American physicist, (d. 2019) August 25 - Bernard Fisher, American physicist, (d. 2019) August 26 Katherine Johnson, African-American physicist, (d. 2019) August 26 Katherine Johnson, African-American physicist, (d. 2019) August 27 - Bernard Fisher, American physicist, (d. 2019) August 27 - Bernard Fisher, American physicist, (d. 2019) August 28 - Bernard Fisher, American physicist, (d. 2019) August 28 - Bernard Fisher, American physicist, (d. 2019) August 28 - Bernard Fisher, American physicist, (d. 2019) August 29 - Bernard Fisher, American physicist, (d. 2019) August 29 - Bernard Fisher, American physicist, (d. 2019) August 29 - Bernard Fisher, (d. 2019) August 29 - Bernard Fisher, (d. 2019) August 20 - Be
space scientist and mathematician (d. 2020)[52] Maria Isaura Pereira de Queiróz, Brazilian sociologist (d. 2018) August 27 Aslam Khan, British Indian-born military officer, led his troops during World War II in capturing Kennedy Peak (Myanmar), which the Americans had failed to conquer. For this achievement, he was awarded the Military Cross by
Field Marshal Auchinleck (d. 1994)[53] Chang Yun Chung, Chinese-born billionaire shipping magnate (d. 2020) Jelle Zijlstra, Dutch politician, Prime Minister of the Netherlands from 1966 to 1967 (d. 2001) August 28 - Alejandro Agustín Lanusse, 37th President of Argentina (d. 1994)[53] Chang Yun Chung, Chinese-born billionaire shipping magnate (d. 2020) Jelle Zijlstra, Dutch politician, Prime Minister of the Netherlands from 1966 to 1967 (d. 2001) August 28 - Alejandro Agustín Lanusse, 37th President of Argentina (d. 1994)[53] Chang Yun Chung, Chinese-born billionaire shipping magnate (d. 2020) Jelle Zijlstra, Dutch politician, Prime Minister of the Netherlands from 1966 to 1967 (d. 2001) August 28 - Alejandro Agustín Lanusse, 37th President of Argentina (d. 1994)[53] Chang Yun Chung, Chinese-born billionaire shipping magnate (d. 2020) Jelle Zijlstra, Dutch politician, Prime Minister of the Netherlands from 1966 to 1967 (d. 2001) August 28 - Alejandro Agustín Lanusse, 37th President of Argentina (d. 1994)[53] Chang Yun Chung, Chinese-born billionaire shipping magnate (d. 2020) Jelle Zijlstra, Dutch politician, Prime Minister of the Netherlands from 1966 to 1967 (d. 2001) August 28 - Alejandro Agustín Lanusse, 37th President of Argentina (d. 1994)[53] Chang Yun Chung, Chinese-born billionaire shipping magnate (d. 2001) August 28 - Alejandro Agustín Lanusse, 37th President of Argentina (d. 2001) Augustín (d. 2001) Augustín (d. 2001) Augustín (d. 2001) Augustín (d. 2
August 30 - Ted Williams, American baseball player (d. 2002) August 31 - Alan Jay Lerner, American lyricist, librettist (d. 2020) September 3 - Helen Wagner, American soap opera actress (d. 2010) September 4 - Gerald Wilson, American jazz trumpeter (d. 2014)
September 6 - Ludwig Hörmann, German cyclist (d. 2011) September 9 - Oscar Luigi Scalfaro, 9th President of Italy (d. 2012) September 13 - Ray Charles, American musician, singer and songwriter (d. 2015) September 14 - James George, Canadian diplomat (d. 2020)
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September 15 - Nipsey Russell, American comedian, poet, and dancer (d. 2005) September 16 - Ismail Mohamed Ali, Malaysian politician (d. 1998) September 17 - Chaim Herzog, 6th President of Israel 1983-1993 (d. 1997) September 17 - Chaim Herzog, 6th President of Israel 1983-1993 (d. 1997) September 19 - Joseph Zeller, American politician (d. 2018) September 22 - Henryk Szeryng, Polish-born violinist (d. 1988)
September 24 - Emerante Morse, Haitian singer, dancer and folklorist (d. 2018) September 26 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2016) September 27 - Martin Ryle, English radio astronomer, recipient of the Nobel Prize in Physics (d. 1984) September 27 - Martin Ryle, English radio astronomer, recipient of the Nobel Prize in Physics (d. 1984) September 27 - Martin Ryle, English radio astronomer, recipient of the Nobel Prize in Physics (d. 1984) September 27 - Martin Ryle, English radio astronomer, recipient of the Nobel Prize in Physics (d. 1984) September 28 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2016) September 27 - Martin Ryle, English radio astronomer, recipient of the Nobel Prize in Physics (d. 1984) September 28 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2016) September 28 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 28 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 28 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 28 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 28 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 28 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 28 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 28 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 28 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 29 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 29 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 29 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 29 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 29 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 29 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 29 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 29 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 29 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 29 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 29 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 29 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 29 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 29 - Peng Ch
2020) Arnold Stang, American comic actor (d. 2009) September 30 Giovanni Canestri, Italian cardinal (d. 2015) Aldo Parisot, Brazilian-American cellist and educator (d. 2018) Jens Christian Skou Robert Walker Rita Hayworth Thelma Coyne Long October 4 - Kenichi Fukui, Japanese chemist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 1998) October 6 - Goh Keng Swee,
former Deputy Prime Minister of Singapore (d. 2010) October 8 - Jens Christian Skou, Danish chemist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2017) Bebo Valdés, Cuban pianist, bandleader, composer and arranger (d. 2013) October 10 - Gaston Mialaret, French pedagogist and professor
(d. 2016) October 13 Jack MacGowran, Irish film actor (d. 1973) Robert Walker, American actor (d. 1951) October 14 - Thelma Coyne Long, Australian tennis player (d. 2017) Henri Vernes, Belgian author (d. 2021) October 17 - Rita Hayworth
American actress (d. 1987) October 18 Konstantinos Mitsotakis, former Greek Prime Minister (d. 2017) Bobby Troup, American politician, Democratic National Committee Chairman (d. 2014) October 22 - René de Obaldia, French
playwright and poet (d. 2022) October 23 - Augusta Dabney, American actor (d. 2008) October 26 - Marc Hodler, Swiss lawyer (d. 2006) October 27 Mihkel Mathiesen, Estonian statesman (d. 2003) Teresa Wright, American actress (d. 2005)
October 29 - Diana Serra Cary, American actress (d. 2020) October 31 - Ian Stevenson, American parapsychologist (d. 2010) November 2 - Raimon Panikkar, Spanish theologian (d. 2010) November 3 - Russell B. Long, United States Senaton
from Louisiana (d. 2003) November 4 Art Carney, American actor, best known for his role in The Honeymooners (d. 2013) Billy Graham, American evangelist, spiritual adviser to several U.S. Presidents (d. 2018) November 8 Teoh Seng Khoon
Malaysian badminton player (d. 2018) Hermann Zapf, German typeface designer (d. 2015) November 9 Spiro Agnew, Vice president of the United States (d. 2019) November 10 - Ernst Otto Fischer, German chemist, Nobel Prize
laureate (d. 2007) November 14 - John Bromwich, Australian tennis player (d. 1999) November 15 - Vittore Bocchetta, Italian sculptor, painter and politician (d. 2018) November 16 - Patricio Aylwin, 32nd President of Chile (d. 2016) November 27 - Borys
Paton, Ukrainian scientist (d. 2020) November 29 - Madeleine L'Engle, American author (d. 2007) November 3 - Abdul Haris Nasution, Indonesian general (d. 2000) December 7 Jórunn Viðar, Icelandic pianist,
composer (d. 2017) Liu Yichang, Hong Kong writer and novelist (d. 2018) December 8 - Gérard Souzay, French baritone (d. 2018) December 10 - Anatoly Tarasov, Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2008) December 12 - Joe Williams, American
jazz singer (d. 1999) December 13 - Rosalia Lombardo, Italian child known as The Sleeping Beauty (d. 1920)[55] December 14 - B. K. S. Iyengar, Indian yoga teacher (d. 2014) December 15 - Jeff Chandler, American actor (d. 1961) December 17 Dusty Anderson, American actress and model (d. 2007) Duchess Woizlawa Feodora of Mecklenburg,
German royal (d. 2019) December 18 - Joyce Reynolds, English classicist and academic (d. 2022) December 21 Francisco Miró Quesada Cantuarias, Peruvian philosopher (d. 2019) Fred Gloden, American football player (d. 2019) Donald Regan, American Treasury Secretary, White House Chief of Staff (d. 2003) Kurt Waldheim, President of Austria
Secretary-General of the United Nations (d. 2007)[56] December 23 José Greco, Italian-born flamenco dancer (d. 2010) December 24 - Dave Bartholomew, American musician, songwriter and music producer (d. 2019) December 25 Bertie Mee, English football
player, manager (d. 2001) Anwar Sadat, 3rd President of Egypt, recipient of the Nobel Peace Prize (d. 1981) December 30 - W. Eugene Smith, American photojournalist (d. 1978) Abd an-Nabi Abd al-Qadir Mursal, Sudanese poet and politician (d. 1962)[57] Georg Cantor María Dolores
Rodríguez Sopeña January 2 - Katharine A. O'Keeffe O'Mahoney, Irish-born American teacher and writer (b. 1855) January 8 Johannes Pääsuke, Estonian photographer, filmmaker (b. 1892) Ellis H. Roberts, American politician (b. 1827) January 9 Max Ritter von Müller, German World War I
fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1887) Charles-Émile Reynaud, French inventor (b. 1844) January 21 - Emil Jellinek, German automobile entrepreneur (b. 1853) January 26 - Grand Duke Nicholas Konstantinovich of Russia (b. 1850) January 28
 John McCrae, Canadian soldier, surgeon and poet (b. 1872) January 31 - Ivan Puluj, Ukrainian physicist and inventor (b. 1845) Princess Leonilla Bariatinskaya, Russian aristocrat (b. 1816) February 2 - John L. Sullivan, American boxer, World Heavyweight Champion (b.
 1858) February 4 - Akiyama Saneyuki, Japanese admiral (b. 1868) February 6 - Gustav Klimt, Austrian painter (b. 1862), Spanish flu February 8 - Louis Renault, French jurist, educator and Nobel Prize laureate (b. 1843) February 8 - Louis Renault, French jurist, educator and Nobel Prize laureate (b. 1843) February 8 - Louis Renault, French jurist, educator and Nobel Prize laureate (b. 1843) February 8 - Louis Renault, French jurist, educator and Nobel Prize laureate (b. 1843) February 10 Sultan Abdul Hamid II of the Ottoman Empire (b. 1842) Ernesto Teodoro Moneta, Italian pacifist, Nobel Prize laureate
(b. 1833) February 11 - Alexey Kaledin, Russian general (suicide) (b. 1861) February 14 - Sir Cecil Spring Rice, British-born American dancer (b. 1859) February 15 - Vernon Castle, British-born American dancer (b. 1859) February 15 - Vernon Castle, British-born American dancer (b. 1861) February 16 - Károly Khuen-Héderváry, 2-time Prime Minister of Hungary (b. 1849) February 23 Adolphus Frederick VI, Grand Duke of
Mecklenburg-Strelitz (b. 1882) Thomas Brassey, 1st Earl Brassey, 1
- César Cui, Lithuanian composer (b. 1835) March 14 Lucretia Garfield, First Lady of the United States (b. 1832) Gennaro Rubino, Italian anarchist who unsuccessfully tried to assassinate King Leopold II of Belgium (b. 1859) March 15 - Adolf Ritter von Tutschek, German fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1891) March 23 - T. P. Cameron Wilson, English
poet, novelist (b. 1888) March 25 Claude Debussy, French composer (b. 1862) Walter Tull, first Black infantry officer to serve in the British Army (b. 1888) March 27 Henry Adams, American Olympic athlete (b. 1881), Spanish flu Karl Ferdinand Braun Manfred von Richthofen Gavrilo Princip April 1 Isaac
 Rosenberg, British war poet (killed in action) (b. 1890) Paul von Rennenkampf, Russian general (executed) (b. 1854) April 1 - Otto Wagner, Austro-Hungarian architect, urban planner (b. 1841) April 19 - William Hope Hodgson, English author
(b. 1877)[58] April 20 Jussi Merinen, Finnish politician (executed) (b. 1873)[59] Karl Ferdinand Braun, German physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (b. 1851) April 21 Friedrich II, Duke of Anhalt (b. 1856) Manfred von Richthofen, German fighter pilot, top-scoring ace of World
War I (killed in action) (b. 1892) April 27 - Jacques Duchesne, French general (b. 1837) April 28 - Gavrilo Princip, Yugoslav assassin (b. 1894) Maria Magdalena Merten May 2 Ernie Parker, Australian tennis champion (killed in action) (b. 1883) Jüri Vilms, Estonian politician (b. 1889) May 14 - James Gordon Bennett Jr., American newspaper publisher
(b. 1841) May 17 - William Drew Robeson I, African-American minister, father of singer and actor Paul Robeson (b. 1883) May 19 Ferdinand Hodler, Swiss painter (b. 1853) Raoul Lufbery, Franco-American fighter pilot (killed in action) (b. 1885) May 21 Sofia Hjulgrén, Finnish politician
(executed) (b. 1875)[60] Wilho Laine, Finnish politician (executed) (b. 1875)[61] May 23 Gerard Noel, British admiral (b. 1845) [62] Mariano Ponce, Filipino diplomat, politician and writer (b. 1863) May 24 - József Kiss, Austro-Hungarian fighter pilot (killed in action) (b. 1896) May 30 - Georgi Plekhanov, Russian revolutionary, philosopher (b. 1856)
Kyrion II of Georgia June 1 - Roderic Dallas, Australian fighter pilot (killed in action) (b. 1891) June 3 - Count Richard von Bienerth-Schmerling, Australian poet, composer (b. 1842) June 13 - Charles W. Fairbanks, 26th Vice President of the United States (b. 1852) June 10 - Arrigo Boito, Italian poet, composer (b. 1842) June 13
 - Grand Duke Michael Romanov (assassinated) (b. 1878) June 15 - Frank Miles Day, American architect (b. 1861) June 16 - Bazil Assan, Romanian engineer and explorer (b. 1860) June 19 - Francesco Baracca, Italian fighter pilot (air crash) (b. 1888) June 26 - Kyrion II of Georgia, Georgian Orthodox patriarch, Saint (b. 1855) June 27 - Joséphin
Péladan, French occultist (b. 1858) Sultan Mehmed V James McCudden Quentin Roosevelt Emperor Nicholas II of Russia Henry Macintosh July 3 - Sultan Mehmed V James McCudden, British fighter pilot (air crash) (b. 1895) July 14 - Quentin Roosevelt, youngest son of United States President Theodore
Roosevelt, fighter pilot (killed in action) (b. 1897) July 17 - Executed members of the Romanov family: Former Emperor Nicholas II of Russia (b. 1897) Grand Duchess Olga Nikolaevna of Russia (b. 1897) Grand Duchess Maria Nikolaevna of Russia (b. 1897) Grand Duchess Olga Nikolaevna of Russia (b. 1897) Grand Duchess Maria Nikolaevna of Russia (b. 1897) Grand Duchess Olga Nikolaevna of Russia (b. 1898) Grand Duchess Olga Nikolaevna of Russia (b.
of Russia (b. 1899) Grand Duchess Anastasia Nikolaevna of Russia (executed) (b. 1891) Frince Constantinovich of Russia (executed) (b. 1894) Grand Duke Sergei Mikhailovich of Russia (executed) (b. 1869) Grand Duchess
Elisabeth of Russia (Princess Elisabeth of Hesse and by Rhine) (executed) (b. 1864) July 20 - Francis Lupo, American soldier (b. 1895) July 22 Roy Earl Parrish, American politician, author (b. 1844) Indra Lal Roy, Indian fighter pilot (killed in action) (b. 1898) Alexey Schastny,
Russian naval officer (executed) (b. 1881) July 26 Henry Macintosh, British Olympic athlete (killed in action) (b. 1887) July 29 - Ernest William Christmas, Australian painter (b. 1863) July 30 Hermann von Eichhorn, German field marshal (assassinated) (b. 1848) Joyce Kilmer, American
journalist, poet (killed in action) (b. 1886) Frank Linke-Crawford, Austro-Hungarian fighter pilot (killed in action) (b. 1893) Marianne Cope August 1 John Riley Banister, American policeman, cowboy (b. 1854) Gabriel Guérin, French World War I fighter ace (air crash) (b. 1892)
August 5 - Peter Strasser, German naval officer, airship commander (killed in action) (b. 1876) August 9 Marianne Cope, German-born American Roman Catholic nun and saint (b. 1838) František Plesnivý, Austro-Hungarian architect (b. 1845) August 10 Jean Brillant, Canadian soldier, Victoria Cross recipient (killed in action) (b. 1890) Erich
Löwenhardt, German World War I fighter ace (air crash) (b. 1897) Aleksander Uurits, Estonian painter, graphic artist (b. 1888) August 12 - Anna Held, French actress (b. 1872) August 22 - Korbinian Brodmann, German neurologist (b. 1888) August 12 - Anna Held, French actress (b. 1872) August 23 - William Duncan, British missionary in Canada and the United States (b. 1832) George Reid
Eduard, Duke of Anhalt Prince Erik, Duke of Vastmanland Mudbir al-Far'un, Arab chieftain, leader of 1913 Euphrates rebellion September 2 - Sir John Forrest, Australian explorer and politician, former minister of the Interior (b. 1871) September 6 -
Elizabeth Yates, New Zealand politician (b. 1845) September 8 Francis Mary of the Cross Jordan, German Roman Catholic priest and venerable (b. 1840) September 12 - Sir George Reid, 4th Prime Minister of Australia (b. 1845) September 13 - Eduard, Duke of Anhalt (b. 1861)
September 16 - Maurice Boyau, French World War I fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1888) September 20 - Prince Erik, Duke of Västmanland (b. 1889), Spanish flu September 27 - Fritz Rumey, German World War I fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1895)[64]
1891) September 28 True Boardman, American actor (b. 1882), Spanish flu Georg Simmel, German sociologist, philosopher (b. 1858) Freddie Stowers, American world War I fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1897) October 4 - Nikolai Skrydlov, Russian admiral (b. 1844) October 5
Roland Garros, French fighter pilot (killed in action) (b. 1888) Robbie Ross, British writer (b. 1869) October 7 - Sir Hubert Parry, British composer (b. 1848), Spanish flu October 8 - Mikhail Alekseyev, Russian general (b. 1857) October 9 -
Raymond Duchamp-Villon, French sculptor (b. 1876) October 11 - Wallace Lloyd Algie, Canadian soldier (killed in action) (b. 1891) October 15 - Sai Baba of Shirdi, Indian guru, yogi and National saint of India (b. 1838) October 15 - Sai Baba of Shirdi, Indian guru, yogi and National saint of India (b. 1838) October 15 - Sai Baba of Shirdi, Indian guru, yogi and National saint of India (b. 1838) October 16 - Felix Arndt, American pianist, composer (b. 1889), Spanish flu October 18 Radko Dimitriev, Bulgarian, Russian genera
(executed) (b. 1859) Jildo Irwa, Ugandan Roman Catholic martyr and saint (executed) (b. 1806) Daudo Okelo, Ugandan Roman Catholic martyr and saint (executed) (b. 1854) October 19 Harold Lockwood, American actor (b. 1887), Spanish flu Prince Umberto, Count of Salemi (b. 1889), Spanish
flu October 24 César Ritz, Swiss hotelier (b. 1850) Daniel Burley Woolfall, English administrator, 2nd President of FIFA (b. 1873) October 29 Michel Coiffard, French World War I fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1892) Rudolf Tobias, Estonian composer (b. 1873) October 29 Michel Coiffard, French World War I fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1892) Rudolf Tobias, Estonian composer (b. 1873) October 29 Michel Coiffard, French World War I fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1892) Rudolf Tobias, Estonian composer (b. 1873) October 29 Michel Coiffard, French World War I fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1892) Rudolf Tobias, Estonian composer (b. 1873) October 29 Michel Coiffard, French World War I fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1892) Rudolf Tobias, Estonian composer (b. 1873) October 29 Michel Coiffard, French World War I fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1892) Rudolf Tobias, Estonian composer (b. 1873) October 29 Michel Coiffard, French World War I fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1892) Rudolf Tobias, Estonian composer (b. 1873) October 29 Michel Coiffard, French World War I fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1892) Rudolf Tobias, Estonian composer (b. 1873) October 29 Michel Coiffard, French World War I fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1892) Rudolf Tobias, Estonian composer (b. 1873) October 29 Michel Coiffard, French World War I fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1892) Rudolf Tobias, Estonian composer (b. 1873) October 29 Michel Coiffard, French World War I fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1892) Rudolf Tobias, Estonian composer (b. 1873) October 29 Michel Coiffard, French World War I fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1892) Rudolf Tobias, Estonian composer (b. 1873) October 29 Michel Coiffard, French World War I fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1892) Rudolf Tobias, Estonian composer (b. 1873) October 29 Michel Coiffard, French World War I fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1893) October 29 Michel Coiffard, French World War I fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1893) October 29 Michel Coiffard, French W
31 Egon Schiele, Austrian artist (b. 1890), Spanish flu István Tisza, 2-time Prime Minister of Hungary (assassinated) (b. 1849) November 2 - Hugh Cairns, Canadian soldier (b. 1896) November 4 Wilfred Owen, British poet, soldier (killed in action) (b. 1893)
Andrew Dickson White, American academic and diplomat, co-founder of Cornell University (b. 1832) November 5 Samuel Liddell MacGregor Mathers, British actor (b. 1854), Spanish flu William Shea, British actor (b. 1854), Spanish flu William Shea, British actor (b. 1856) November 6 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1899), Spanish flu William Shea, British actor (b. 1856) November 6 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1854), Spanish flu William Shea, British actor (b. 1856) November 6 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1854), Spanish flu William Shea, British actor (b. 1856) November 6 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1854), Spanish flu William Shea, British actor (b. 1856) November 6 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1854), Spanish flu William Shea, British actor (b. 1856) November 6 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1856) November 7 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1856) November 8 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1856) November 8 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1856) November 9 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1856) November 8 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1856) November 8 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1856) November 8 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1856) November 8 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1856) November 8 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1856) November 8 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1856) November 8 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1856) November 8 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1856) November 8 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1856) November 8 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1856) November 8 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1856) November 8 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1856) November 8 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1856) November 8 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1856) November 8 - Alan Arnett McLeod, Canadian soldier (b. 1856) November 8 - Alan Arnet
1880), Spanish flu Albert Ballin, German shipping magnate (b. 1857) Sir Peter Lumsden, British general in the Indian Army (b. 1829) November 11 Victor Adler, Austrian politician (b. 1857) Sir Peter Lumsden, British general in the Indian Army (b. 1857; may have died in
1926) November 14 - Matti Lonkainen, Finnish politician (b. 1874)[65] November 15 - Sir Robert Anderson, British police officer (b. 1841), Spanish flu November 20 - John Bauer, Swedish painter (b. 1882) November 22 - Rose Cleveland, de factor
First Lady of the United States (b. 1846), Spanish flu November 23 - Fritz von Below, German general (b. 1853) November 2 - Edmond Rostand, French writer (b. 1868), Spanish flu December 4 - Princess Teriivaetua of Tahiti (b. 1869),
Spanish flu December 5 - Schalk Willem Burger, Boer military leader, lawyer, politician, statesman, and acting President of the South African Republic (1900-1902) (b. 1852) December 11 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1876), Spanish flu December 13 - Emory Speer, American library pioneer (b. 1837) December 11 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1852) December 13 - Emory Speer, American library pioneer (b. 1852) December 11 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1876), Spanish flu December 13 - Emory Speer, American library pioneer (b. 1837) December 11 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1876), Spanish flu December 13 - Emory Speer, American library pioneer (b. 1852) December 11 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1876), Spanish flu December 13 - Emory Speer, American library pioneer (b. 1852) December 14 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1876), Spanish flu December 13 - Emory Speer, American library pioneer (b. 1852) December 15 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1876), Spanish flu December 15 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1876), Spanish flu December 15 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1876), Spanish flu December 15 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1876), Spanish flu December 15 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1876), Spanish flu December 15 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1876), Spanish flu December 15 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1876), Spanish flu December 15 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1876), Spanish flu December 17 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1876), Spanish flu December 17 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1876), Spanish flu December 18 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1876), Spanish flu December 18 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1876), Spanish flu December 18 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1876), Spanish flu December 18 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1876), Spanish flu December 18 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1876), Spanish flu December 18 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1876), Spanish flu December 18 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian wri
politician, jurist, and United States district judge from 1885 until 1918 (b. 1848) December 14 - Sidónio Pais, Portugal (b. 1872), assassinated December 20 - Sultan Ali bin Hamud of Zanzibar (b. 1884) December 21 - Prince Konrad of Hohenlohe-
Waldenburg-Schillingsfürst, Austrian statesman, former Prime Minister (b. 1863) December 28 - Olavo Bilac, Brazilian poet (b. 1853) Physics - Max Planck Chemistry - Fritz Haber[66] Medicine - not awarded Literature - not awarded Peace - not
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Fr Sa 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 2025 May 4 in recent years 2025 (Sunday) 2021 (Tuesday) 2020 (Monday) 2019 (Saturday) 2018 (Friday) 2017 (Thursday) 2016 (Wednesday) Day of the yearMay 4 is the 124th day of
the year (125th in leap years) in the Gregorian calendar; 241 days remain until the end of the year. 1256 - The Augustinian monastic order is constituted at the Lecceto Monastery when Pope Alexander IV issues a papal bull Licet ecclesiae catholicae.[1]
1436 - Assassination of the Swedish rebel (later national hero) Engelbrekt Engelbrektsson (27 April O.S.).[3] 1471 - Wars of the Roses: The Battle of Tewkesbury: Edward IV defeats a Lancastrian Army and kills Edward of Westminster, Prince of Wales.[4] 1493 - In the papal bull Inter caetera, Pope Alexander VI divides the New World between Spain
and Portugal along the Line of Demarcation.[5] 1626 - Dutch explorer Peter Minuit arrives in New Netherland (present day Manhattan Island) aboard the See Meeuw.[6] 1738 - The Imperial Theatrical School, the first ballet school in Russia, is founded.[7] 1776 - Rhode Island becomes the first American colony to renounce allegiance to King George
III.[8] 1799 - Fourth Anglo-Mysore War: The Battle of Seringapatam ends when the city is invaded and Tipu Sultan killed by the besieging British army, under the command of General George Harris.[9] 1814 - Emperor Napoleon arrives at Portoferraio on the island of Elba to begin his exile.[10] 1814 - King Ferdinand VII
abolishes the Spanish Constitution of 1812, returning Spain to absolutism.[11] 1836 - Formation of Ancient Order of Hibernians.[12] 1859 - The Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall in England.[13] 1869 - The Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall in England.[13] 1869 - The Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal Albert Bridge linking Devon across the Royal Albert Bridge link
remnants of the Tokugawa shogunate navy in the Sea of Japan off the city of Hakodate, leading to the surrender of the Ezo Republic on May 17.[14] 1871 - The National Association, the first professional baseball league, opens its first season in Fort Wayne, Indiana.[15] 1886 - Haymarket affair: In Chicago, United States, a homemade bomb is thrown
at police officers trying to break up a labor rally, killing one officer. Ensuing gunfire leads to the deaths of a further seven officers and four civilians.[16] 1904 - The United States begins construction of the Panama Canal. 1910 - May Fourth Movement
Student demonstrations take place in Tiananmen Square in Beijing, China, protesting the Treaty of Versailles, which transferred Chinese territory to Japan. 1926 - The United Kingdom general strike begins. 1927 - The Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences is incorporated.[18] 1932 - Having been incarcerated at the Cook County Jail since his
sentencing on October 24, 1931, mobster Al Capone is transferred to the federal penitentiary in Atlanta after the U.S. Supreme Court denies his appeal for conviction of tax evasion. [19] 1942 - World War II: The Battle of the Coral Sea begins with an attack by aircraft from the United States aircraft carrier USS Yorktown on Japanese naval forces at
Netherlands, Denmark and northwest Germany. 1946 - In San Francisco Bay, U.S. Marines from the nearby Treasure Island Naval Base stop a two-day riot at Alcatraz Federal Penitentiary. Five people are killed in the riot. 1949 - The entire Torino football team (except for two players who did not take the trip: Sauro Tomà, due to an injury and Renato
record for manned balloon flight ascending in the Strato-Lab V open gondola to 113,740 feet (34.67 km). 1970 - Vietnam War: Kent State University after disturbances in the city of Kent the weekend before, opens fire killing four unarmed students and wounding nine others. The students were
protesting the Cambodian Campaign of the United States and South Vietnam. 1972 - The Don't Make A Wave Committee, a fledgling environmental organization founded in Canada in 1971, officially changes its name to "Greenpeace Foundation". 1973 - The 108-story Sears Tower in Chicago is topped out at 1,451 feet (442 m) as the world's tallest
 building.[20] 1978 - The South African Defence Force attacks a SWAPO base at Cassinga in southern Angola, killing about 600 people.[21] 1979 - Margaret Thatcher becomes the first female Prime Minister of the United Kingdom. 1982 - Twenty sailors are killed when the British Type 42 destroyer HMS Sheffield is hit by an Argentinian Exocet missile
during the Falklands War. 1988 - The PEPCON disaster rocks Henderson, Nevada, as tons of Space Shuttle fuel detonate during a fire. 1989 - Iran-Contra affair: Former White House aide Oliver North is convicted of three crimes and acquitted of nine other charges; the convictions are later overturned on appeal. 1989 - Space Shuttle Atlantis launches
on mission STS-30 to deploy the Venus-bound Magellan space probe. [22] 1990 - Latvia declares independence from the Soviet Union. 1994 - Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and PLO leader Yasser Arafat sign a peace accord, granting self-rule in the Gaza Strip and Jericho. 1998 - A federal judge in Sacramento, California, gives "Unabomber"
Theodore Kaczynski four life sentences plus 30 years after Kaczynski accepts a plea agreement sparing him from the death penalty. 2000 - Ken Livingstone becomes the first Mayor of London (an office separate from that of the Lord Mayor of London).
Kano International Airport in Kano, Nigeria.[23] 2007 - Greensburg, Kansas is almost completely destroyed by the 2007 Greensburg tornado, a 1.7-mile wide EF5 tornado. It was the first-ever tornado to be rated as such with the new Enhanced Fujita scale. 2014 - Three people are killed and 62 injured in a pair of bombings on buses in Nairobi, Kenya
[24] 2019 - The inaugural all-female motorsport series, W Series, takes place at Hockenheimring. The race was won by Jamie Chadwick, who would go on to become the inaugural season's champion. [25] 2023 - Nine people are killed and thirteen injured in a spree shooting in Mladenovac and Smederevo, Serbia. It is the second mass shooting in the
country in two days.[26][27][28] 1006 - Khwaja Abdullah Ansari, Persian mystic and poet (died 1088) 1559 - Alice Spencer, English noblewoman (died 1637) 1635 - Bartolomeo Cristofori, Italian instrument maker, invented the piano (died
1731) 1677 - Françoise-Marie de Bourbon, French moblewoman (died 1749) 1715 - Richard Graves, English minister and author (died 1804) 1733 - Jean-Charles de Bourbon, French moblewoman (died 1749) 1715 - Manuel Tolsá,
 Spanish sculptor and first director of the Academy of San Carlos in Mexico City (died 1816) 1767 - Tyagaraja, Indian composer (died 1847) 1770 - Friedrich Arnold Brockhaus, German publisher (died 1823) 1796 - Horace Mann, American educator and politician (died 1859) 1796 - William
Pennington, American lawyer and politician, 13th Governor of New Jersey, 23rd Speaker of the United States House of Representatives (died 1859) 1820 - Julia Gardiner Tyler, American wife of John Tyler, 11th First Lady of the United States (died 1889) 1820 - John Whiteaker
American soldier, judge, and politician, 1st Governor of Oregon (died 1902) 1822 - Charles Boucher de Boucherville, Canadian physician and politician, 3rd Premier of Quebec (died 1905) 1825 - Augustus Le Plongeon, English-American historian, photographer, and
academic (died 1908) 1826 - Frederic Edwin Church, American painter (died 1900) 1827 - John Hanning Speke, English soldier and explorer (died 1864) 1843 - Bianka Blume, German opera singer (died 1934) 1883 - Wang Jingwei, Chinese
politician (died 1944) 1884 - Richard Baggallay, English army officer and cricketer (died 1975)[30] 1887 - Andrew Dasburg, French-American painter (died 1945) 1902 - Ronnie Aird, English cricketer and administrator (died 1986
 1903 - Luther Adler, American actor (died 1984) 1905 - Al Dexter, American country singer-songwriter and guitarist (died 1984) 1907 - Walter Walsh, American target shooter and FBI agent (died 2014) 1913 - Princess Katherine of Greece and
1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician, 64th Prime Minister of Japan (died 2015) 1923 - Eric Sykes, British actor and comedian (died 2012) 1925 - Maurice R. Greenberg, American businessman
and philanthropist 1928 - Maynard Ferguson, Canadian trumpet player and bandleader (died 2006) 1928 - Hosni Mubarak, Egyptian air marshal and politician, 4th President of Egypt (died 2020) 1928 - Audrey Hepburn, Belgian-British actress and
humanitarian (died 1993) 1930 - Katherine Jackson, matriarch of the Jackson, matriarch of the Jackson family 1932 - Harlon Hill, American surf-rock guitarist, singer, and songwriter (died 2019) 1938 - Carlos Monsiváis, Mexican journalist, author, and critical surf-rock guitarist, singer, and songwriter (died 2019) 1938 - Carlos Monsiváis, Mexican journalist, author, and critical surf-rock guitarist, singer, and songwriter (died 2019) 1938 - Carlos Monsiváis, Mexican journalist, author, and critical surf-rock guitarist, singer, and songwriter (died 2019) 1938 - Carlos Monsiváis, Mexican journalist, author, and critical surf-rock guitarist, singer, and songwriter (died 2019) 1938 - Carlos Monsiváis, Mexican journalist, author, and critical surf-rock guitarist, singer, and songwriter (died 2019) 1938 - Carlos Monsiváis, Mexican journalist, author, and critical surf-rock guitarist, singer, and songwriter (died 2019) 1938 - Carlos Monsiváis, Mexican journalist, author, and critical surf-rock guitarist, singer, and songwriter (died 2019) 1938 - Carlos Monsiváis, Mexican journalist, author, and critical surf-rock guitarist, singer, and songwriter (died 2019) 1938 - Carlos Monsiváis, Mexican journalist, author, and critical surf-rock guitarist, singer, and songwriter (died 2019) 1938 - Carlos Monsiváis, Mexican journalist, author, and critical surf-rock guitarist, author, and an author author, and author aut
(died 2010) 1939 - Amos Oz, Israeli journalist and author (died 2018) 1940 - Robin Cook, American physician and author 1941 - George Will, American footballer (died 1971) 1944 - Russi Taylor, American voice actress (died 2019) 1945 - Robert Machray, American actor (died 2025)[32][33]
1946 - John Barnard, English car designer 1946 - Gary Bauer, American political activist 1946 - John Watson, British race car driver 1948 - King George Tupou V of Tonga, (died 2012) 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, and producer 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, and producer 195
songwriter and dancer[34] 1952 - Belinda Green, Australian beauty queen and 1972 Miss World 1953 - Pia Zadora, American baseball player and coach 1957 - Kathy Kreiner, Canadian skier 1958 - Keith Haring, American painter (died
1990) 1958 - Caroline Spelman, English politician, Secretary of State for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs 1959 - Randy Travis, American singer-songwriter, guitarist, and actor 1967 - Kate Garraway, English journalist
1967 - Ana Gasteyer, American actress and singer 1970 - Will Arnett, Canadian actor and producer 1970 - Dawn Staley, American basketball player 1972 - Mike Dirnt, American singer-songwriter 1970 - Will Arnett, Canadian actor and coach 1973 - John Madden,
Canadian ice hockey player and coach 1974 - Tony McCoy, Northern Irish jockey and sportscaster 1975 - Kimora Lee Simmons, American model[36] 1978 - Erin Andrews, American football player[37] 1979 - Lance Bass, American singer,
dancer, and producer 1979 - Lesley Vainikolo, Tongan rugby player 1980 - Andrew Raycroft, Canadian ice hockey player 1981 - Eric Djemba-Djemba, Cameroon footballer 1981 - Eric Djemba-Djemba - Eric Djemba - Eric Dj
Maddox, American wrestler and referee 1985 - Ravi Bopara, English cricketer 1985 - Fernandinho, Brazilian footballer and manager 1987 - Jorge Lorenzo, Spanish footballer and rapper 1986 - George Hill, American wrestler and referee 1985 - Fernandinho, Brazilian footballer and manager 1987 - Jorge Lorenzo, Spanish
motorcycle racer 1988 - Radja Nainggolan, Belgian footballer 1989 - Rory McIlroy, Northern Irish golfer 1989 - James van Riemsdyk, American basketball player 1994 - Abi Masatora, Japanese sumo wrestler 1994 - Joseph Tapine, New
Zealand rugby league player 1998 - Alexander O'Connor, English musician[40] 408 - Venerius, archbishop of Freising 1003 - Herman II, duke of Swabia 1038 - Gotthard of Hildesheim, German bishop (born 960) 1406 - Coluccio Salutati, chancellor of Florence (born 1331) 1436 - Engelbrekt Engelbrektsson, Swedish rebel
leader (27 April O.S.).[41] 1471 - Edward of Westminster, Prince of Wales, son and heir of Henry VI of England (born 1453) 1483 - George Neville, Duke of Bedford (born 1457) 1506 - Husayn Mirza Bayqara, Timurid ruler of Herat (born 1453) 1483 - George Neville, Duke of Bedford (born 1457) 1506 - Husayn Mirza Bayqara, Timurid ruler of Herat (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1457) 1506 - Husayn Mirza Bayqara, Timurid ruler of Herat (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1457) 1506 - Husayn Mirza Bayqara, Timurid ruler of Herat (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1457) 1506 - Husayn Mirza Bayqara, Timurid ruler of Herat (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1457) 1506 - Husayn Mirza Bayqara, Timurid ruler of Herat (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1457) 1506 - Husayn Mirza Bayqara, Timurid ruler of Herat (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1457) 1506 - Husayn Mirza Bayqara, Timurid ruler of Herat (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1458) 1519 - Lorenz
1562 - Lelio Sozzini, Italian Protestant theologian (born 1525) 1566 - Luca Ghini, Italian physician and botanist (born 1511) 1604 - Claudio Merulo, Italian organist and composer (born 1533) 1605 - Ulisse Aldrovandi, Italian naturalist (born 1522) 1615 - Adriaan van Roomen, Flemish
priest and mathematician (born 1561) 1626 - Arthur Lake, English bishop and scholar (born 1569) 1677 - Isaac Barrow, English mathematician and theologian (born 1651) 1734 - James Thornhill, English painter and politician (born 1675)
1737 - Eustace Budgell, English journalist and politician (born 1750) 1790 - Matthew Tilghman, American politician (born 1714) 1776 - Jacques Saly, French painter and sculptor (born 1750) 1811 - Nikolay Kamensky, Russian general (born 1714) 1776 - Jacques Saly, French painter and politician (born 1718) 1799 - Tipu, ruler of Mysore (born 1750) 1811 - Nikolay Kamensky, Russian general (born 1714) 1776 - Jacques Saly, French painter and sculptor (born 1718) 1790 - Matthew Tilghman, American politician (born 1718) 1790 - Tipu, ruler of Mysore (born 1750) 1811 - Nikolay Kamensky, Russian general (born 1768) 1774 - Anthony Ulrich of Brunswick, Prussian nobleman (born 1718) 1790 - Tipu, ruler of Mysore (born 1750) 1811 - Nikolay Kamensky, Russian general (born 1768) 1790 - Matthew Tilghman, American politician (born 1768) 1790 - Tipu, ruler of Mysore (born 1750) 1811 - Nikolay Kamensky, Russian general (born 1768) 1790 - Matthew Tilghman, American politician (born 1768) 1790 - Tipu, ruler of Mysore (born 1768) 1790 - Matthew Tilghman, American politician (born 1768) 1
1776) 1816 - Samuel Dexter, American lawyer and politician, 4th United States Secretary of War, 3rd United States Secretary of the Treasury (born 1754) 1826 - Sebastián Kindelán y O'Regan, colonial governor of East Florida, Santo Domingo and Cuba (born 1757)[43] 1839 - Denis Davydov, Russian
general and poet (born 1784) 1859 - Joseph Diaz Gergonne, French mathematician and philosopher (born 1815) 1901 - John Jones Ross, Canadian lawyer and politician, 7th Premier of Quebec (born 1831) 1903 - Gotse Delchev, Macedonian Bulgarian
revolutionary IMRO (born 1872) 1912 - Nettie Stevens, American geneticist credited with discovering sex chromosomes (born 1881) 1916 - John Murray, Australian politician, 23rd Premier of Victoria (born 1851) 1916 - Willie Pearse, Irish rebel (born 1881) 1916 - Joseph
Plunkett, Irish rebel and writer (born 1887) 1919 - Milan Rastislav Štefánik, Slovak general and politician (born 1880) 1922 - Viktor Kingissepp, Estonian politician (born 1887) 1924 - E. Nesbit, English author and poet (born 1888) 1937 - Gina Oselio, Norwegian opera singer
(born 1858).[45] 1938 - Kanō Jigorō, Japanese founder of judo (born 1860) 1938 - Carl von Ossietzky, German journalist and activist, Nobel Prize laureate (born 1880) 1941 - Chris McKivat, Australian rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1945 - Fedor von Bock, German field marshal (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1945 - Fedor von Bock, German field marshal (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1945 - Fedor von Bock, German field marshal (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French
1876)[46] 1955 - George Enescu, Romanian pianist, composer, and conductor (born 1881) 1964 - Karl Robert Pusta, Estonian Minister of Foreign Affairs (born 1882) 1971 - William Brown Meloney, writer and theatrical producer (born 1902)[47] 1972 - Father
Chrysanthus, Dutch arachnologist (born 1905)[48] 1972 - Edward Calvin Kendall, American actor, singer, and screenwriter (born 1886) 1973 - Jane Bowles, American author and playwright (born 1917) 1975 - Moe Howard, American actor, singer, and screenwriter (born 1897) 1976 - Frank Strahan, Australian public servant (born 1886)
Wiseman, English-Canadian 10th General of The Salvation Army (born 1907) 1987 - Paul Butterfield, American singer and harmonica player (born 1942)[49] 1987 - Cathryn Damon, American actress (born 1930) 1988 - Lillian Estelle Fisher, American historian of Spanish America (born 1891) 1990 - Emily Remler, American guitarist (born 1957) 1991
1909) 2001 - Bonnie Lee Bakley, American model, wife of Robert Blake (born 1956) 2004 - David Reimer, Canadian man, born male but reassigned female and journalist (born 1930) 2008 - Fred Baur, American chemist and founder of Pringles
(born 1918)[52] 2009 - Dom DeLuise, American actor, director, and producer (born 1923) 2012 - Bob Stewart, American television producer, founded Stewart Tele Enterprises (born 1920) 2012 - Adam Yauch,
American rapper and director (born 1964) 2012 - Rashidi Yekini, Nigerian footballer (born 1963) 2013 - Otis Bowen, American physician and politician, 44th Governor of Indiana (born 1917) 2013 - Javier Diez Canseco, Peruvian sociologist and
politician (born 1948) 2013 - Mario Machado, Chinese-American journalist and actor (born 1935) 2014 - Dick Ayers, American author and illustrator (born 1924) 2014 - Elena Baltacha, Ukrainian-Scottish
tennis player (born 1983) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1923) 2014 - Helga Königsdorf, German physicist and author (born 1938) 2014 - Ross Lonsberry, Canadian-American ice hockey player (born 1947) 2014 - Jean-Paul Ngoupandé, Central African politician, Prime Minister of the Central African Republic (born
1948) 2015 - William Bast, American screenwriter and author (born 1931) 2015 - Ellen Albertini Dow, American actress (born 1913) 2015 - Marv Hubbard, American football player and coach (born 1930)[54] 2020 - Greg Zanis,
American carpenter and activist (born 1950)[55] 2021 - Nick Kamen, English model, songwriter (born 1962)[56] 2024 - Ron Kavana, Irish singer, songwriter (born 1936)[58] Anti-Bullying Day (United Nations) Bird Day (United States) Cassinga Day (Namibia) Christian
feast day: Blessed Ceferino Giménez Malla Blessed Michał Giedroyć English Saints and Martyrs of the Reformation Era (Church of England) F. C. D. Wyneken (Lutheran Church-Missouri Synod) Florian José María Rubio Judas Cyriacus Monica of Hippo (1960 Roman Catholic Calendar) Sacerdos of Limoges Venerius of Milan May 4 (Eastern Orthodox
liturgics) Coal Miners Day (India)[59] Death of Milan Rastislav Stefánik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) Remembrance Day for Martyrs and Disabled (Afghanistan) Remembrance of the Dead (Netherlands) Restoration of
Independence Day (Latvia) Star Wars Day (International observance) World Give Day Youth Day (Fiji) 7 Flannery, John M. (2013). The Mission of the Portuguese Augustinians to Persia and Beyond (1602-1747). Lieden: Brill. p. 40. ISBN 9789004243828. 7 Bray, Gerald (2018). "On the Truth of Holy Scripture (1377-1378) John Wycliffe (c. 1328-1384)"
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StrattonFateBankrupt and sale under section 363 to KPS Capital partnersHeadquartersWauwatosa, Wisconsin, U.S.Key peopleJoseph T. Liotine (CEO)ProductsGasoline enginesRevenue US$1.786 billion (2017)[1]Total assets US$1.451 billion (2017)[1]Total equity US$559
million (2017)[1]OwnerKPS Capital PartnersNumber of employees5,200 (2019)Websitebriggsandstratton.com Briggs & Stratton Corporation is an American manufacturer of small engines with headquarters in Wauwatosa, Wisconsin. Engine production averages 10 million units per year as of April 2015.[2] The company reports that it has 13 large
facilities in the U.S. and eight more in Australia, Brazil, Canada, China, Mexico, and the Netherlands. The company's products are sold in over 100 countries across the globe.[3] In 1908, inventor Stephen Foster Briggs and investor Harold M. Stratton started an informal partnership to capitalize on the growing automobile industry. Eventually Briggs
and Stratton settled on manufacturing automotive components and small gasoline engine salled the Smith Flyer from the A.O. Smith Company in Milwaukee. The Flyer had a small gasoline engine mounted on a fifth wheel, or
motor wheel. Briggs & Stratton made engine improvements that raised the horsepower and renamed the vehicle the Briggs & Stratton Flyer. The Guinness Book of Records lists the Flyer as the most inexpensive car of all time, selling at US$125 to US$150 (equivalent to $2020 to $2430 in 2021). In 1925 they sold the rights to the Flyer to Automotive
Electric Services Corporation. Briggs & Stratton kept the motor that had been the heart of the motor wheel and adapted it to power other applications such as reel lawn mowers and small equipment such as washing machines. The company went public on the New York Stock Exchange in 1928. During World War II, Briggs & Stratton produced
generators for the war effort. Some pre-war engines were made with aluminum, which helped the company develop its expertise in using this material. This development, along with the post-war growth of 1950s and 1960s. Stephen Briggs went on to
purchase Evinrude and Johnson Outboards and start the Outboard Marine Corporation. Frederick P. Stratton Sr. (the son of Harold Stratton Jr. served as Chairman until his retirement in 2001. In 1995, Briggs & Stratton sold the
automotive component business. The resulting company is Strattec Security Corporation. In 2000,[4] the company acquired its consumer generator business from the Beacon Group and formed Briggs & Stratton Power Products. The Beacon Group and formed Briggs & Stratton Power Products Division of Generac Corporation (now Generac Power Products).
Systems) in 1998. In 2005, the company added Simplicity Manufacturing Inc, and Snapper, Inc, to the Briggs & Stratton Power Products line. Murray, Inc, one of its largest customers, collapsed owing the company $40 million, and to minimize the loss Briggs & Stratton purchased the name, marketing rights and product designs of that company. In
2008, Briggs & Stratton announced it would be acquiring the Victa Lawn Care business from GUD Holdings Limited Australia for A$23 million. In 2019, Briggs & Stratton announced they would be acquiring the Victa Lawn Care business from GUD Holdings Limited Australia for A$23 million. In 2019, Briggs & Stratton announced they would be acquiring the Victa Lawn Care business from GUD Holdings Limited Australia for A$23 million. In 2019, Briggs & Stratton announced they would be acquiring the Victa Lawn Care business from GUD Holdings Limited Australia for A$23 million.
Stratton filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy, [6] KPS Capital Partners purchased a majority of the company stake for $550 million for Briggs & Stratton owed going into bankruptcy, [8] Farymann Diesel GmbH (1979–1984)
Based in Lampertheim (near Mannheim) in Germany, this was the first foreign acquisition Briggs & Stratton had ever made and was a poor fit with the company's acknowledged expertise in high volume, low cost production. They officially completed the acquisition on May 29, 1979.[9] Despite investing in new production methods, Briggs & Stratton
never understood the very low volume, highly customized nature of the air-cooled diesel engine market. After considering adding Italy's Lombardini to increase its presence in the diesel market, as well as a failed attempt to develop its own designs, Briggs & Stratton accepted defeat and sold the company to a private investor for a minimal amount to
avoid further liabilities. Since the energy crisis had not affected the US market's preference for gasoline engines, enthusiasm waned rapidly at management level for diesel engines, Etratton (DBS) - In an effort to stave off Japanese competition during the 1980s, Briggs & Stratton entered a 50/50 joint venture with the Toyota
subsidiary Daihatsu Motor Company in Japan. Located in Shiga Prefecture (50 miles (80 km) from Osaka, Japan), construction on the then-57,000-square-foot (5,300 m2) plant began in December 1986 and was completed in April 1987. This joint venture was notable for the manufacture of vertical and horizontal crankshaft engines from 12.5 to 22 hp
(16 kW) under the Vanguard brand. Today the plant employs roughly 100 people on two shifts and manufactures Vanguard V-twin engines ranging from 14 to 36 hp (27 kW).[11] By the end of 2017, Briggs & Stratton is planning to move the production of Vanguard V-twin from Japan to USA [12] The Mitsubishi Agreement - The Vanguard line initially
consisted of three single-cylinder engines and several V-twin engines. The V-twins, made by DBS, had sold very well but the single-cylinder engine models, originally produced at Briggs & Stratton's Menomonee Falls, Wisconsin plant, didn't fare so well. Briggs & Stratton needed to solve this problem, so, following discussions with several Japanese
engine manufacturers, it entered into an agreement with Mitsubishi was responsible for overall production and shipping. The completed single-cylinder engines were shipped directly to customers worldwide. Briggs & Stratton had
exclusive marketing rights for the resulting products only in North America, Europe and Australia/New Zealand. MHI had exclusive marketing rights (under their own brand name) in Malaysia, Taiwan, South Korea and Japan. In other countries both companies competed with the same product under their own brand names which led to considerable
friction, and together with escalating production costs in Japan, caused this otherwise successful relationship to fail. Briggs & Stratton commenced marketing alternative U.S.-made single-cylinder engines under the Vanguard brand in early 2007.[13] The Komatsu Zenoah Venture - In May 1987, Briggs & Stratton entered into an agreement with yet
another Japanese company, executing a 10-year contract, Komatsu Zenoah Company of Tachikawa, Japan. Under the terms of the contract, Komatsu would manufacture a 2-cycle, 4 hp (3 kW) engine, in which Briggs & Stratton would purchase and distribute in the United States, Europe, Australia and New Zealand. Said Fred Stratton, "This
venture was not successful, because the rising price of the yen made the engine too expensive in the U.S."[14] The Toro Agreement - In 1999, Briggs & Stratton made a license agreement with The Toro Company of Bloomington, Minnesota. to produce the Toro R*Tek piston ported version of their E series 2-stroke engine (AKA Lawn-Boy DuraForce) for
use in Toro Snow Throwers. The engine was a 141cc 2-cycle that produced from 4 hp to 6.5 hp at 3700 to 4000 rpm on a 50:1 gas & oil mix. A higher power 7-HP model was made (Engine Model# 84330) for use in heavier duty machines such as the single stage Snow Commander (2001-2008) and 2 stage Power Max 726TE/6000 (2004-2008); the extra
horsepower was obtained using transfer ports in the piston and cylinder wall, and this model ran at the same operating speed as the 6.5 hp engines (4000rpm). Production stopped in 2011. The aluminum engine - This was improved five
years later in 1958 with the introduction of the Kool-Bore (all aluminum, with a cast iron cylinder liner). Easy-Spin Starting - This compression release, implemented as an extra hump on the intake lobe of the camshaft, was introduced in 1961 to reduce the effort required to start an engine.[15] In 1982, a new U.S. federal
safety regulation required lawnmower blades to stop spinning within three seconds of the handle. The least costly, most common way of complying with the new regulation was to put a flywheel brake on the mower engine, to stop the engine (and therefore the blade) immediately when the handle was released. Briggs &
Stratton engineers found engines with the Easy-Spin camshaft were unacceptably difficult to restart after being braked to a quick stop. The Easy-Spin remained in use on Briggs & Stratton's engines larger than those used on mowers subject to
the brake requirement, but was discontinued in 1997 due to tightening emission regulations.[16] The Synchro-Balanced Engine - This 1966 innovation was a series of counterweights opposing the crankpin.[17] The Twin Cylinder Engine - This
engine was introduced in 1977 as a means of competing with Briggs & Stratton's rivals, particularly Japanese firms like Honda who were cutting into traditional Briggs & Stratton markets by producing lawn mower engines (and later, complete lawn mowers). These first models were rated 16 hp (11.9 kW) and displaced 40 cubic inches (656 cc), but
were joined in 1979 by 42 cubic inch (694 cc) models rated at 18 hp (13.4 kW). The original price for the 16 hp (12 kW) version was $70 lower (at US$228) than their single-cylinder cast-iron version bearing from 3 to 20.5 hp (15.3 kW), was introduced in
1979 as Briggs & Stratton's answer to high quality commercial-duty engines produced by competitors. These engines include heavy-duty features such as Stellite exhaust valves, upgraded bearings, cast iron sleeved cylinder bores and high-capacity air cleaners.[19] The Briggs & Stratton Gasoline/Electric Hybrid Car - In 1980, at the tail end of the
energy crisis, Briggs & Stratton developed the first gasoline-electric hybrid automobile concept car. "The Hybrid" was designed by Brooks Stevens, had six wheels and was powered by a twin-cylinder 16 hp (11.9 kW) Briggs & Stratton developed the first gasoline-electric hybrid automobile concept car. "The Hybrid" was designed by Brooks Stevens, had six wheels and was powered by a twin-cylinder 16 hp (11.9 kW) Briggs & Stratton developed the first gasoline-electric hybrid automobile concept car. "The Hybrid" was designed by Brooks Stevens, had six wheels and was powered by a twin-cylinder 16 hp (11.9 kW) Briggs & Stratton developed the first gasoline-electric hybrid automobile concept car. "The Hybrid" was designed by Brooks Stevens, had six wheels and was powered by a twin-cylinder 16 hp (11.9 kW) Briggs & Stratton developed the first gasoline-electric hybrid automobile concept car. "The Hybrid" was designed by Brooks Stevens, had six wheels and was powered by a twin-cylinder 16 hp (11.9 kW) Briggs & Stratton developed the first gasoline-electric hybrid automobile concept car. "The Hybrid" was designed by Brooks Stevens, had six wheels and was powered by a twin-cylinder 16 hp (11.9 kW) Briggs & Stratton developed the first gasoline-electric hybrid automobile concept car. "The Hybrid" was designed by Brooks Stevens, had six wheels and had six 
axle added to support the weight of the batteries. Magnetron Ignition - This solid-state ignition system introduced by Briggs & Stratton in 1982[22] eliminated the points-and-condenser system, the performance of which steadily degraded between required periodic maintenance service. Magnetron was made available for retrofitment to Briggs &
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Stratton engines made since 1963. Competitor Tecumseh had made a capacitor discharge ignition setup since 1968 for their cast iron engine models, expanding its availability and making it standard equipment on vertical shaft engines powering lawn mowers in late 1976, five years before the advent of the Briggs Magnetron. Defunct competitor Clinton Engines commercialized a piezo "Spark Pump" ignition without breaker points in the early 1960s.[23] The Briggs & Stratton logo was always a masthead, but it has been changed several times over the course of the company's 80-plus years. Pre War logos (1931-1943) - This logo started off with a diamond shape and read Briggs & Stratton and its home city of MILWAUKEE, WIS., U.S.A. below it; in the middle, it had the words 4 CYCLE on the top mast and the words GASOLINE MOTOR and phrase MADE IN U.S.A. on the bottom mast. About 1934 Briggs & Stratton added the more familiar shape of a diamond split across the center with a banner. Gold Logo (1948-1963) - This logo had the name BRIGGS STRATTON and its home city of MILWAUKEE, WIS., U.S.A. below it; in the middle, it had the words 4 CYCLE on the bottom mast. Gold Logo (II) (1963-1976) - Although similar to the last logo, this had differently arranged wording: The name BRIGGS STRATTON was written in a new logotype, however, this design also included the horsepower rating above the gold logo in the white field, its city of location was in the middle as before, only this time the patent numbers were eliminated (if you look at a decal on a production engine) from the bottom portion of the mast. There were some engines produced until 1977 that used the prior logo from 1948. The Red, White, and Black Logo (1976-present) - This is the company's current logo. The white midsection of the mast head. The words 4 CYCLE ENGINE are on the red top portion of the mast and the city line MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN, U.S.A. is written on the black bottom portion of the mast. Although the company continued to use these two sections with the respective wordings ORIGINAL (red section) and SERVICE PARTS (black section) until 1989. Flathead with gravity-feed float carb unless otherwise noted Number series 5 (1950-1957) 5S (1949-1957); suction carburetor 6 (1952-1957) 6S (1949-1957) 6S (1949-1957 23D (1963-1965) 191400 and 193400 (1965-1966) 200400 (1965-1966) 200400 (1965-1971) 325430 (1971-1972) 326430 (1971-1972) 326430 (1972-1991) Letter series A (1933-1948) [25] B (1934-1948) F "Full Power" (1921-1922); suction carb, overhead valve FB "Full Power" (1922-1925); suction carb, overhead valve FG (1927-1933); suction carb, overhead valve FI (1925-1933); suction carb, overhead valve FI (1927-1933); suction carb, overhead valve FI (1928-1933); suction carb, overhead parts, used exclusively on military generators FJ-2 (1930-1932); cast iron civilian version of FJ-1 H (1933-1940) L & LA (1930-1934) N, NS & NP (1940-1954) P (1920); F-head PB (1923-1935); F-head PC-WI-100 (1941-1943); power charger with WI engine PC-200 (1936-1938); power charger with I engine; used as a generator for the M33 multiple gun mount PC-WM (1936-1938); power charger with I engine; used as a generator for the M45 multiple gun mount PC-WM (1936-1938); power charger with I engine; used as a generator for the M45 multiple gun mount PC-WM (1936-1938); power charger with I engine; used as a generator for the M45 multiple gun mount PC-WM (1936-1938); power charger with I engine; used as a generator for the M45 multiple gun mount PC-WM (1936-1938); power charger with I engine; used as a generator for the M33 multiple gun mount PC-WM (1936-1938); power charger with I engine; used as a generator for the M45 multiple gun mount PC-WM (1936-1938); power charger with I engine; used as a generator for the M45 multiple gun mount PC-WM (1936-1938); power charger with I engine; used as a generator for the M33 multiple gun mount PC-WM (1936-1938); power charger with I engine; used as a generator for the M45 multiple gun mount PC-WM (1936-1938); power charger with I engine; used as a generator for the M45 multiple gun mount PC-WM (1936-1938); power charger with I engine; used as a generator for the M45 multiple gun mount PC-WM (1936-1938); power charger with I engine; used as a generator for the M45 multiple gun mount PC-WM (1936-1938); power charger with I engine; used as a generator for the M45 multiple gun mount PC-WM (1936-1938); power charger with I engine; used as a generator for the M45 multiple gun mount PC-WM (1936-1938); power charger with I engine; used as a generator for the M45 multiple gun mount PC-WM (1936-1938); power charger with I engine; used as a generator for the M45 multiple gun mount PC-WM (1936-1938); power charger with I engine; used as a generator for the M45 multiple gun mount PC-WM (1936-1938); power charger with I engine; used as a generator for the M45 multiple gun mount PC-WM (1936-1938); power charger with I engine; used as a generator for the M45 multiple gun mount PC-WM (1936-1938); power charger wit WM engine; used as a generator set PC-WMB (1938-1940); power charger with WMB engine Q (1925-1933); first flathead model R, RA, R2 & RC (1929-1933) R1 & RH (1929-1933) R1 & RH (1929-1933); suction carb T (1930-1931) U (1940-1945); suction carb W & WA (1931-1933) WI, WR & WMB (1938-1957); suction carb[27] WM & WMI ('Washing Machine', 1936-1941); cast iron, suction carb; WMI was an industrial version WMG (1937-1941); cast iron, suction carb; WMI was an industrial version WMG (1937-1941); cast iron, suction carb; WMI was an industrial version WMG (1937-1941); cast iron, suction carb; WMI was an industrial version WMG (1937-1941); cast iron, suction carb; WMI was an industrial version WMG (1937-1941); cast iron, suction carb; WMI was an industrial version WMG (1937-1941); cast iron, suction carb; WMI was an industrial version was an industrial v to the back of the engine to slow the speed of the PTO shaft) first offered in 1934, on models (higher intake capacity to run higher rpm) available on the A B K M R and Z series. designated with an "H" after the basic model. lightweight models (some aluminum parts to save weight) available on the ABIKR and Z series. Designated with an "L" after the basic model inboard marine engines (special base, no governor, thrust bearing on PTO side) available on models ABHIKN and Z. Designated with an "M" after the basic model. Some models also had forward neutral and reverse transmissions. These engines have an "T" or "G" after the "M" 6B (horizontal shaft) (1953-1958) 6BH (vertical shaft) (1953-1958) 6BH (ver (horizontal shaft) (1958-1991) 80100 (horizontal shaft) (1958-1997) 80200 (horizontal shaft) (1969-1997) 90000 97000 Europa OHV (vertical shaft) (1969-1997) 90000 120000 120000 130000 140000 (horizontal shaft) (1958-1966) 170000 252410 (horizontal shaft) (1958-1997) 80200 (horizontal shaft) 80200 280000 310000 OHV 400000 Twin Cylinder 420000 Twin Cylinder 420000 Twin Cylinder 460000 Twin Cylinder 81300 and 81400 (horizontal shaft; Quiet Power) (1982–1994) 114900 (vertical shaft; Quiet Power) (1982–1991) 131200 (horizontal shaft) (1979–1985) 132200 (horizontal shaft; Quiet Power) (1982-1994) 131900 (vertical shaft) (1979-1989) 132900 (vertical shaft) (1979-1994) 221400 (horizontal shaft) (1979-1985) 255400 (vertical shaft) (1984-1994) 281000 (vertical shaft) (1981-1991) Briggs & Stratton/I/C 283H07-0399-E1 (050923AZ) (16-hp) (vertical shaft) Briggs & Stratton/I/tC 130g32-0059-h1 World Formula 16 HP OHV[28] Animal 6.5 HP OHV Raptor 5 HP flathead 084300 (Horizontal shaft) (1980-1993) 095700 and 096700 (Vertical shaft) (Years Unknown) Made under a contract with Komatsu Zenoah Eshelman John I. Beggs - former Chairman Briggs & Stratton builds over 9,000,000 employees in six states. Wauwatosa, WI, is home to the company's headquarters and R&D center. Manufacturing plants are located in Poplar Bluff, MO; Auburn, AL; Statesboro, GA; and Sherrill, NY. The company also has a proving grounds and testing facility located in Fort Pierce, FL.[29] a b c d e "Financial Statements for BGG - Morningstar". Morningstar". Morningstar ... a b c d e "Financial Statements for BGG - Morningstar". Morningstar ... a b c d e "Financial Statements for BGG - Morningstar". Engine & Lawn Mower Parts". briggsandstratton.com. Retrieved 12 June 2015. ^ "2016AnnualReport". 2016-07-03. Archived from the original on 2017-06-06. Retrieved 12 June 2015. ^ Adams, Jasmine (August 15, 2019). "Briggs and Stratton facility to close in Murray, Ky.; consolidate with Poplar Bluff plant". KFVS-TV. Retrieved July 20, 2020. ^ "Briggs & Stratton Files for Chapter 11, in Pact with KPS (1)". Bloomberg Law. 20 July 2020. 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