



Published date14 December 2022 IssuerDepartment of Social Protection Data Classification RSocial Welfare ServicesNFS2 - O/70Application form for Fuel Allowance? Fuel Allowance is a means tested payment to help those in qualied households with their winter heating costs. The payment is available to those aged 70 or over who meet the qualifying conditions. Those aged 70 or over do not need to be in receipt of a social protection payment which normally begins in late September and ends in April the following year. How do I qualify for Fuel Allowance? To get Fuel Allowance you must be: • legally and habitually resident in the State; • aged 70 years or over; • satisfy a means test; • unable to provide for the full cost of your heating needs from your household resources; and • living alone or only with other qualied persons. How do I complete this form? There are examples on the back of this page that can be used as a quide to ll in this form. Please:• write with a black ballpoint pen and use capital letters;• answer all questions and place an X in the relevant boxes; and• ll in Parts 1 to 7 as they apply to you and your household. Where do I send this form? Send this for please contact the Fuel Allowance section by calling 0818 200 400 or 071 915 7100. You can also get help at your local Intreo Centre or Social Welfare Oce by visiting www.gov.ie/intreocentres.For more information, visit www.gov.ie/fuel.Fuel Allowance Section Department of Social ProtectionCollege Road Sligo F91 T384What do I need to complete this form?You will need to provide your Public Personal Service (PPS) Number, the PPS Number of others in your household and information about; • your and your partner's work and claim details; • any income you or your partner receive from all sources in Ireland and abroad; and • other persons living in your household. Get this document and AI-powered insights with a free 7-day trial Unlock full access with a fre Unlock full access with a free 7-day trial Fuel Allowance is a payment to help with the cost of heating your home during the winter months. You can get Fuel Allowance if you are aged 66 years or over, or getting long-term social welfare payments. (Access the full list below). The current rate of payment is €33 every week from 23 September 2024 until 4 April 2025. Only one Fuel Allowance is paid to each household. If you are aged 66 years or overYou may qualify for Fuel Allowance if you are 66 years or overYou may qualify for Fuel Allowance if you are 66 years or over. You do not need to be getting a qualifying social welfare payment. To qualify you must: be aged 66 or overbe legally resident in the Statepass a means testbe living alone or only with other qualified peopleQualifying paymentsYou may qualify for a Fuel Allowance if you are getting: Living situationYou may qualify for a Fuel Allowance if you live alone or only with: a person aged 66 years or overa dependent adult or dependent adult adul paid to each household) a person who is getting Carer's Benefit and is caring for you or for your dependent adult or dependent adult or dependent adult or dependent adult or dependent adult. Carer's Allowance and Disablement Benefit payments are not included in the Fuel Allowance means test. If you are living with a person who is aged 66 or over, it may be better for your household if they apply for Fuel Allowance. The weekly rate of payment is currently €33 during the Fuel Allowance season, which is usually from late September to April.People getting certain social welfare payments can choose to get their Fuel Allowance paid in two instalments. The first instalment sum is paid at the second is paid in two instalments, you can apply by completing the Change the Payment Frequency of Fuel Allowance Application Form (FA CPF1). You should submit the completed form at least one month before the Fuel Allowance season, your payment will continue to be paid weekly until the next instalment is due. Please note the instalment option is not available on all schemes. This form is also available from: your local post officeyour local Intreo Centre Please apply before the start of the Fuel Allowance season (late September). If you apply after this, the department cannot backdate your allowance. You do not need to reapply for Fuel Allowance each year as long as your circumstances have not changed and you continue to get the same social welfare payment. If your circumstances change you should contact the department as soon as possible to make sure you can still get Fuel Allowance (12 months), Jobseeker's Transitional Payments, Farm Assist or One-Parent Family Payment. You can only apply through your local Intreo Centre or Social Welfare Branch Office. The quickest and easiest way to apply is online at MyWelfare.ie. Apply by postIf you are 66 or over If you are 66 or over If you are 66 or over and want to apply by post, complete the Fuel Allowance Scheme Application Form (NFS2 - O/66) and send to the address on page eight of the application form. Application Form: Fuel Allowance for people aged 66 years or over only. If you are under 66 years of age, please use the NFS1 form. Edition: Dec 2024 If you are under the age of 66 years If you are under 66 years and want to apply by post, complete the Fuel Allowance Scheme (NFS1). You can also get this form is for Fuel Allowance under the National Fuel Scheme (NFS1). You can also get this form is for Fuel Allowance under the National Fuel Scheme (NFS1). over, please use the NFS2 form. Edition: December 2024 Where to send your Fuel Allowance application formIf applying using the paper Fuel Allowance (NFS1 or NFS2) application form you should send the completed form to the section of the department which you are getting your payment from. The relevant section addresses are listed below. If you are getting: Carer's AllowanceDeath BenefitDisability AllowanceIncapacity SupplementInvalidity PensionPlease send your completed Fuel Allowance application form and supporting documents to: If you are getting: No payment from the department and you are aged 66 years of age or olderBlind PensionDeserted Wife's Benefit or AllowanceGuardian's Payment (Contributory) Social Security AgreementState Pension (Contributory) Widow's, Widower's or Surviving Civil Partner's (Contributory) Social Security AgreementState Pension (Contributory) Widow's, Widower's or Surviving Civil Partner's (Contributory) PensionWidow's, Widower's or Surviving Civil Partner's (Non-contributory) PensionPlease send your completed Fuel Allowance application form and supporting documents to: If you are getting: Farm AssistLong-term Jobseeker's Allowance (12 months)One-Parent Family Payment or Jobseeker's Transitional PaymentSend your completed Fuel Allowance application form and supporting documents to your local Intreo Centre or Social Welfare Branch Office. If you are getting Long-term Supplementary Welfare Allowance (12 months): Send your completed Fuel Allowance application form and supporting documents to the department's representative at your local Intreo Centre. Operational guidelines describe the processes and procedures that staff in the department follow when carrying out their work. Operational Guidelines: Fuel Allowance, Jobseeker's Allowance, Jobseeker's Allowance, Jobseeker's Allowance, Jobseeker's Allowance Scheme The online application service is not available if you are getting Jobseeker's Allowance, J through your local Intreo Centre or Social Welfare Branch Office. If a member of your household is aged 66 or over, they should apply as they may qualify more easily. Only one person per household can receive this payment. If someone in your household is already receiving this payment, you should not apply. A social welfare payment worth €924 that helps with the cost of heating bills is resuming next month. The Fuel Allowance is paid from September to April every year. It is paid in either 28 weekly instalments of €33 or two lump sum payments of €462. The scheme will resume on Monday, 23 September and run for 28 weekly instalments of €462. and who is eligible for the Fuel Allowance: Read more: Ringsend BusConnects corridor to city centre given green light Sign up to the Dublin Live Newsletter to get all the latest Dublin news straight to your inbox. Who is eligible? To get Fuel Allowance you must: Live alone Be getting a qualifying payment (unless you are 70 or over) Satisfy a means test You must also live in Ireland. You cannot get Fuel Allowance if your heating costs are provided in full as part of your accommodation. In some cases, you may not live alone to avail of the payment. You can still be eligible if you live with: A spouse, civil partner or cohabitant who qualifies for an increase on your pension or social welfare payment or is getting a qualifying payment in their own right Dependent children A person who is getting Carer's Allowance or Carer's Benefit and is caring for you or for your spouse, partner or cohabitant or qualified child dependant on a full-time basis A person getting short-term Jobseeker's Allowance or basic Supplementary Welfare Allowance Other people who are getting a qualifying payment and who would be eligible for a Fuel Allowance in their own right A person aged 70 or over How to apply for Fuel Allowance each year as long as your circumstances remain the same and you continue to get the same social welfare payment. You can apply for the Fuel Allowance online. If you can't apply online, you can use a paper application form If you are aged under 70, fill in the NFS1 form to apply for fuel allowance (pdf). If you are aged 70 or over, fill in the NFS2 form to apply for fuel allowance (pdf). You can also get a form from your local post office or by phoning 0818 200 400. You should ask for the relevant form for your age. For more information on applying, you can click here. For all the latest news from Dublin and surrounding areas visit our homepage. Join our Dublin Live breaking news service on WhatsApp. Click this link to receive your daily dose of Dublin Live content. We also treat our community, you can check out any time you like. If you're curious, you can read our Privacy Notice. What is Fuel Allowance? Fuel Allowance is a payment to help with the cost of heating your home during the winter months. It is paid to only one person in a household. The Fuel Allowance season normally begins in late September of each year and ends in April. The 2024/2025 Fuel Allowance season started on Monday, 23 September 2024. It will be paid for 28 weeks (until 4 April 2025). The current rate of Fuel Allowance is €33 per week. You can choose to get the Fuel Allowance paid in 2 instalments (lump sum instalment was paid in 2 instalments (lump sum). In the 2024/2025 Fuel Allowance paid every week or paid in 2 instalment was paid in 2 instalment was paid in 2 instalments (lump sum). In the 2024/2025 Fuel Allowance paid every week or paid in 2 instalment was paid Fuel Allowance you must:Live alone (or only with certain people listed below) Be getting a qualifying payment (unless you are 66 or over) Satisfy a means testThese 3 conditions are explained in detail below. You must also live in Ireland. You cannot get Fuel Allowance if your heating costs are provided in full as part of your accommodation. Who can I live with? To get Fuel Allowance, you must live alone, or with: A spouse, civil partner or cohabitant who qualifying payment in their own rightDependent childrenA person who gets Carer's Benefit, and who is caring for you or for your spouse, partner or cohabitant, or for a gualified child dependant on a full-time basisA person getting short-term Jobseeker's Allowance (less than 312 days) or basic Supplementary Welfare Allowance (less than 364 days) or basic Supplementary Welfare Allowance (less than 364 days) or basic Supplementary Welfare Allowance (less than 312 days) or basic Supplementary Welfare Allowance (less than 364 days) or basic Supplementary Welfare Allowance (less than 364 days) or basic Supplementary Welfare Allowance (less than 364 days) or basic Supplementary Welfare Allowance (less than 364 days) or basic Supplementary Welfare Allowance (less than 364 days) or basic Supplementary Welfare Allowance (less than 364 days) or basic Supplementary Welfare Allowance (less than 364 days) or basic Supplementary Welfare Allowance (less than 364 days) or basic Supplementary Welfare Allowance (less than 364 days) or basic Supplementary Welfare Allowance (less than 364 days) or basic Supplementary Welfare 66 or overA person renting a room from you, where this doesn't affect your entitlement to Fuel AllowanceA person you provide accommodation Recognition PaymentSee 'Renting a room in your home' below for more information. If more than one person in a household qualifiesOnly one Fuel Allowance payment is paid to a household. If more than one person in the household is getting a social assistance payment, you can decide who applies for Fuel Allowance. If someone in the household is getting a qualifying social insurance payment, such as State Pension (Contributory) or Invalidity Pension, they should apply first (so a means test can be carried out on their income). Another qualifying person in the household can also apply for Fuel Allowance, but they must include information about the person getting a social insurance payment. If someone in the household is 66 or over, you don't need to be getting a qualifying social welfare payments or means test. Social insurance payments or means test. Social insurance payments are either based on your PRSI contributions (social insurance payments) or means-tested social assistance payments are either based on your PRSI contributions (social insurance payments) or means-tested social assistance payments are either based on your PRSI contributions (social insurance payments) or means-tested social assistance payments are either based on your PRSI contributions (social insurance payments) or means-tested social assistance payments are either based on your PRSI contributions (social insurance payments) or means-tested social assistance payments are either based on your PRSI contributions (social insurance payments) or means-tested social assistance payments are either based on your PRSI contributions (social insurance payments) or means-tested social assistance payments) or means-tested social assistance payments are either based on your PRSI contributions (social insurance payments) or means-tested social assistance payments) or means-tested social assistance payments are either based on your PRSI contributions (social insurance payments) or means-tested social assistance payments) or means-tested social assistance payments are either based on your PRSI contributions (social assistance payments) or means-tested social assistance payments) or means-tested social assistance payments are either based on your PRSI contributions (social assistance payments) or means-tested social assistance payments) or means-tested social assistance payments) or means-tested social assistance payments are either based on your PRSI contributions (social assistance payments) or means-tested social assistance payments) or means-tested social assistance AllowanceYou can qualify if you have been getting Basic Supplementary Welfare Allowance for more than a year (this is 364 days over 12 months - it is paid on a 7-day week basis so 12 months' payment is reached after day 364). Jobseeker's AllowanceYou qualify if you have been getting Basic Supplementary Welfare Allowance for more than 312 days (over 12 months it is paid on a 6-day week basis so 12 months' payment is reached after day 312). Days on Jobseeker's Benefit (JB) and Pandemic Unemployment Payment (PUP) can count towards the 312 days, if your JB or PUP was immediately before your JA claim. You can keep your Fuel Allowance if you move to Jobseeker's Allowance from One Parent Family Payment, Carer's Allowance or Jobseeker's Transitional payment. Spouse, civil partner or cohabitant on a CE scheme If you are getting Jobseeker's Allowance, and your spouse, civil partner or cohabitant is on a Community Employment (CE) scheme, they can be considered as a qualified adult on your payment if you apply for Fuel Allowance. Employment or education support schemes (E, RSS and TúsYou can keep your Fuel Allowance if you were getting it before you started any of the following schemes: (E, RSS or Tús if you meet all the relevant qualifying conditions for Fuel Allowance. If you were getting a long a long a long a long a long schemes (E, RSS) and TúsYou can apply for Fuel Allowance at any point when you are on CE, RSS or Tús if you meet all the relevant qualifying conditions for Fuel Allowance. term qualifying payment before starting CE, RSS or Tús, you satisfy the qualifying payment requirement. For the 2024/2025 Fuel Allowance season, time spent on CE, Tús and RSS can be used to meet the minimum number of days on a qualifying payment for Fuel Allowance if you are getting a half-rate payment in addition to a qualifying payment. This does not apply to half-rate Carer's Allowance. How your income is assessed for Fuel Allowance Fuel Allowance Fuel Allowance is a means-tested payment. This means that the Department of Social Protection (DSP) examines all your sources of income. Your gross weekly income must be below a certain amount to pass the means test. Social welfare payments and other income from some social welfare payments and certain other sources are not counted if you get a social insurance payments and certain other sources are not counted in the means test. assistance payment is not countedCarer's Allowance and half-rate Carer's Allowance are not countedDisablement Benefit is not countedCompensation awards to people who have contracted Hepatitis C from contaminated blood products are not countedCompensation awards to people for personal injuries suffered at the Stardust, Artane on 14 February 1981 are not countedYou can read the full list of payments that are disregarded (not counted). Capital Capital includes the value of savings, investments, shares or any property you have (but not your own home). If you are under 66, the first €20,000 of your capital is not taken into account. If you are 66 or over, the first €50,000 of your capital is not taken into account. figure. Second property f you have a second property (property other than your own home), the rental income from that property is assessed. However, the capital value (less any mortgage outstanding on the property) will be assessed. However, the capital value (less any mortgage outstanding on the property) will be assessed. income from rent of up to €269.23 a week (€14,000 per year) without affecting your Fuel Allowance. The person renting the room in your home must use the room in your home must use the room for a minimum of 28 consecutive days and cannot be an employee of yours or an immediate family member. The Accommodation Recognition Payment (for hosting people from Ukraine) is not taken into account in the means test. Since 1 February 2024, someone renting a room from you, or for whom you get the Accommodation Recognition Payment Qualifying social welfare payment Qualifying social welfa Fuel Payment from the UK. If they are, the Winter Fuel Payment is assessed in the means test for Fuel Allowance. Fuel Allowance income is assessed (above) before reading this section. You can have income of up to €524 per week, or €1,048 per week for a couple and still qualify for Fuel Allowance. Your capital (savings, property and investments) are also assessed. The first €50,000 of your capital is not included in the means test. Fuel Allowance (see 'Qualifying social welfare payments and pensions above'). To qualify for Fuel Allowance, your means must be less than the maximum State Pension (Contributory), including any increases you could get for dependents or living alone, plus an additional €200. This is called the 'assessable income limit'. For example, in 2025, the maximum State Pension (Contributory) for a single person aged 66 is €289.30. You then add €200 to €289.30, which gives a total weekly income limit of €489.30. See the table below for examples of weekly assessable income limits. Household type Assessable income limit of €489.30. See the table below for examples of weekly assessable income limits. 2024, you can choose to start claiming your State Pension (Contributory) anytime between the ages of 66 and 70. If you defer your pension, you may be entitled to a higher rate of State Pension (Contributory) plus €200. How much is Fuel Allowance? The current weekly rate of Fuel Allowance is 433. You can get your Fuel Allowance paid weekly or in 2 lump sum instalments. Weekly payment for 28 weeks. In 2024/2025, the Fuel Allowance is 433. You can get your Fuel Allowance is included in your weekly rate of Fuel Allowance is 433. You can get your Fuel Allowance is usually paid from the end of September to April each year for 28 weeks. In 2024/2025, the Fuel Allowance is 433. You can get your Fuel Allowance is 433. You can get you can ge payment, if you are getting a social welfare payment. If you are not getting a social welfare payment, your Fuel Allowance can be paid to you in 2 a financial institution or you can collect it from your local post office. Lump sum payments in 2024/2025, the total Fuel Allowance payment over 28 weeks is €924. It can be paid to you in 2 instalments (lump sums) - September 2024 and January 2025. To change how your Fuel Allowance is paid, fill in the Change the Payment Frequency form at least one month before the first instalment option is not available to people getting payments under the Rural Social Scheme, Tús, Gateway, Community Employment or Supplementary Welfare Allowance. Telephone Support Allowance of €2.50 per week. This is paid automatically with your main social welfare payment, so you do not have to apply for it. How to apply for Fuel Allowance If you apply for Fuel Allowance after the start of the Fuel Allowance season, it will not be backdated. You do not need to reapply for Fuel Allowance each year as long as, your circumstances remain the same and you continue to get the same social welfare payment. Online application You can apply for the Fuel Allowance each year as long as, your circumstances remain the same and you continue to get the same and you continue to get the same and you continue to get the same social welfare payment. apply online. If you can't apply online, you can use a paper application form If you are aged 66 or over, fill in the NFS1 form to apply for fuel allowance. You can also get a form from your local post office or by phoning 0818 200 400. You should ask for the relevant form for your age.You can get help to fill in your application form at your Intreo Centre, Social Welfare Branch Office or Citizens Information Centre. Where you send your form depends on the type of social welfare payment you get.Send your application to: If you get:Send your form depends on the type of social welfare Branch Office or Citizens Information Centre. form to: If you get:Send your completed form to your local Intreo Centre or Social Welfare Branch Office. If you get long-term Supplementary Welfare Office. If you get a social welfare payment and you are 66 or older, or Get a pension or benefit from another EU country or from a country that Ireland has a bilateral social security agreement withSend your form to: Page edited: 8 January 2025 With energy prices surging, it was no surprise that the Government's fuel allowance was of interest to a lot of readers as they digested Budget 2022. The allowance jumped €5 in the budget to €33 a week. And unlike the other welfare increases announced, it will kick in immediately, not in January 2022. But how does it work and who qualifies? What is the fuel allowance jumped €5 in the budget to €33 a week. heating bills for older people or those on limited financial means. It is paid for 28 weeks, or just over half the year. This autumn, the payment kicked in on September 27th and will run to April 10th, 2022. At the new €33 rate, that's €924 in financial support to ease the pressure from heating bills. The allowance is paid either weekly, or in two lump sums - one in September and the other in January.Why is it so topical this year?Energy prices have jumped close to 50 per cent this year and, with large heating bills looming over the next few months, many people are understandably concerned as to how they will meet the cost, or whether they will be forced to sit in the cold or, worse still, be disconnected for non-payment. What changes were made in Budget 2022? Three changes were brought in, two of which were designed to widen the scope of the payment, that is an inflation busting increase of almost 18 per cent - far higher than for any other welfare payment. And, recognising that those higher energy prices are already feeding through to most people's bills, the increase comes into effect immediately where you will have to wait until January for other welfare payment increases. I get paid via lump sum. Will I lose out on part of this increase?No, you won't. The Department of Social Protection assures me that it will be paying arrears to those who are being paid by lump sum. Quite when is not yet clear. The arrears will cover the period from the Wednesday after Budget Day to the date in January when the second lump sum becomes payable.You mentioned broadening the base of those eligible for the allowance? The other two budget measures do that. First up, the means-tested amount you can earn over and above welfare payments has been increased by 20 per cent to €120 a week. However, this measure will only kick in in January so, if you are looking for the allowance this autumn, the income threshold is still €100. We'll come back to this in a minute. Separately, people in receipt of jobseeker's allowance or supplementary welfare allowance or s then?There are three criteria. First, you must be living alone in Ireland, or living with someone (see below). Second you must be in receipt of certain specific welfare payments. And third, you must be in receipt of certain specific welfare payments. And third, you must be living alone in Ireland, or living with someone (see below). your dependent spouse or partner and/or dependent children. A person in receipt of the carer's allowance who is looking after you or a dependent spouse/partner on a full-time basis is also okay, as is someone in receipt of the pandemic unemployment payment (PUP), short-term jobseeker's allowance or a basic supplementary welfare allowance. Finally, if you are living with someone who would qualify for the fuel allowance in their own right, that's also fine. But, bear in mind, a household can only receive one fuel allowance in their own right, that's also fine. But, bear in mind, a household can only receive one fuel allowance in their own right, that's also fine. But, bear in mind, a household can only receive one fuel allowance. And what welfare payments gualify you? Qualifying social insurance payments are the contributory State pension, the widow(er)'s or surviving civil partner's pension or an equivalent pension from another EU state, the invalidity pension, the blind pension, the contributory guardian's payment, or death benefit scheme. You can also qualify if you are on any of the following means-tested social assistance payments: a non-contributory State pension or widow(er)/surviving civil partner's pension, disability allowance, deserted wife's benefit or allowance; the one-parent family payment; the non-contributory guardian's payment, the farm assist programme, the basic supplementary welfare or jobseeker's allowance (both after a certain period), the jobseeker's transitional payment and, in certain circumstance, the back to work allowance, back to work enterprise allowance, the rural social scheme, Tús or community employment, you are likely to be nodded through. Otherwise, to qualify, your income is limited to the maximum State pension payment (currently €248.30, but rising to €253.30 in January) including any increases that you might get for your age, living alone and dependants, plus €100 (rising to €120 in January). And what is assessed in the means test? First, there's the household income, though certain things are excluded, including PUP payment, child benefit, plus €100 (rising to €120 in January). compensation payments from the Stardust, Magdalene or Hepatitis C commissions, State payments for guardians or foster parents and a number of means-tested welfare payments. They also look at any savings, investment or property you own, apart from your home. The first €20,000 of these assets are ignored, the next €10,000 is assessed as delivering €1 of income per week per €1,000. This rises to €2 per €1,000 on assets between €30,000 and to €4 a week for every €1,000, and to €4 a week for every €1,000. allowance application form (form NFS1) at gov.ie. That page will also tell you where to send the form - unhelpfully that differs depending on the welfare payment, you will continue to receive it in successive years. Join The Irish Times on WhatsApp and stay up to dateFind managing your money a struggle? The Better with Money podcast will guide you on how to control your financesGet the On the Money newsletter for insights on saving money and smart spending decisions. Application Form: Fuel Allowance under the National Fuel Scheme (NFS1) This form is for Fuel Allowance applicants who are under 66 years of age only. If you are aged 66 or over, please use the NFS2 form. Edition: December 2024